Identify Sentence Pattern

Sentence pattern is the combination of subject, verb, direct object, indirect object, complement, & adjunct, etc.

What is **Subject**?

Subject is about who (or) what? Mainly, it covers the noun and pronoun like name of place, things, etc.

What is **Verb**?

Verb means action or work done by the subject.

What is **Direct object**?

DO, usually answers the question 'what' (or) whom, etc.

IO is also same category which answers to the question.

What is **complement**?

Complement is helpful in completing the sentence (or) gives absolute meaning to the sentence.

What is **Adjunct?**

Adjunct always gives extra added information to the sentence.

1] Identify the sentence pattern :
One of the boys had been singing well.

(A) S V C
(B) S V O C
(C) S V A
(D) S V IO DO

Explanation:

Here **One of the boys** is subject

had been singing is verb

well is adjunct.

So the complete sentence pattern for the above sentence is **SVA**

2] Match the underlined words in Column A with their parts of speech in Column B and select the correct answer from the options given below:

Column A	Column B
(a) He walks quickly	1. Subject
(b) Reena taught him Hindi	2. Object
(c) Rani ate ice cream	3. Verb
(d) Radha is a doctor	4. Compliment

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        (a)  (b)  (c)  (d)
(A)      3    1    2    4
(B)      1    2    3    4
(C)      4    1    2    3
(D)      2 ·  1    4    3
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Explanation:

He walks quickly – verb because it represents walk as verb and how fast he walks? It denotes the verb.

Reena taught him Hindi – Subject, here Reena is subject, who taught someone Hindi. It mainly stresses the subject **Reena.**

Rani ate ice cream – object. Here **ice cream** is object. It mainly stresses the object 'ice cream'.

Radha is a doctor – compliment. It represents the profession of Radha. So it denotes the compliment.

3] What is "Possessive Adjectives"?

(A) They answer the question which
(B) They answer to the question whose
(C) They answer the question How many
(D) They answer the question How much

Explanation:

Possessive adjective, generally denotes who (or) what owns something. Simply, it shows or says about ownership.

Thus why, option B is perfect answer.

4] Match the following identifying the phrase to complete the sentence and mark the correct code:

Column A	Column B
(a) The cream Cake is	1. harder and harder
(b) The new sweets are	2. more expensive
(c) The new waiters are	3. so costly
(d) It is getting	4. better

    (a) (b) (c) (d)
(A) 1   3   4   2
(B) 3   2   1   4
(C) 2   3   4   1
(D) 4   2   1   3

Explanation:

It's quite easy to answer and match with column B.

5] Identify the sentence pattern.
He taught me Hindi.

(A) S V C
(B) S V C A
(C) S V O A
(D) S V IO DO

Explanation:

It is repeated question.

He is **subject,** taught – verb, me – indirect object (represents another noun. So it is indirect object) & hindi – direct object.

6] Identify the sentence pattern in the following :
The company chairperson promised them better salary.

   (A) S V IO DO
   (B) S V O C
   (C) S V C A
   (D) S V O A

Explanation:

The company chairperson   promised   them   better salary.
                 S   V   IO   DO

Same like previous question.

7] Choose the correct pattern for the sentence :
He is a professor with a lot of experience.

   (A) S V O A
   (B) S V IO DO
   (C) S V C A
   (D) S V O C A

Explanation :

   He –> Subject
   is –> Verb
   a professor –> Complement(denotes the profession)
   with a lot of experience –>Adjunct (added information)

8] Join the sentences given below. Choosing the correct relative pronoun furnished in brackets:
I know the girl. She is a famous sportsperson (whom/who)

   (A) I know the girl whom is a famous sportsperson
   (B) I know the girl who she is a famous sportsperson
   (C) I know the girl who is a famous sportsperson
   (D) I know the girl whom she is a famous sportsperson

Explanation:

Who should be used to refer to the subject of a sentence.

Whom should be used to refer to the object of a verb or preposition.

she is a famous sportsperson.

she -> Subject

9] Match the sentences with their patterns.

(a) They elected him leader	1. S V A
(b) He wore his new uniform	2. S V O
(c) He was excited	3. S V C
(d) She went to Chennai	4. S V O C

(a) (b) (c) (d)

(A) 1   2   4   3

(B) 2   3   1   4

(C) 3   1   2   4

(D) 4   2   3   1

Explanation:

They   elected   him   leader

S   V   O   C

He   wore   his new uniform

S   V   O

He   was   excited

S   V   C

She   went to   Chennai

S   V   A

10] Match the sentences with their patterns :

A	B
(a) Ram went to school	1. S + V + O
(b) My father gave me a pen	2. S + V + C
(c) He was excited	3. S + V + IO + DO
(d) She bought vegetables	4. S + V + A

(a) (b) (c) (d)
(A) 2 3 1 4
(B) 4 3 2 1
(C) 1 3 2 4
(D) 2 1 3 4

Explanation:

Pen & Vegetable is object, **excited** is compliment, **school** is adjunct.

11] Identify the sentence pattern of the following sentence:
Sachin played cricket yesterday.

(A) S V C A
(B) S V O A
(C) S V O C
(D) S V O A A

Explanation:

Sachin   played   cricket   yesterday.
  S   V   O   A

12] Identify the sentence pattern of the following sentence : .
The poet tells a story to the children.

(A) S V O C
(B) S V IO DO

(C) S V O A

(D) S V DO IO

Explanation:

The poet – subject

Tells – verb

A story – Direct object

To the children – indirect object.

13] Identify the sentence pattern.
The teacher looked tired at the end of the period

(A) S V C A
(B) S V O C
(C) S V IO DO
(D) S V O A

Explanation:

Here you can tell subject and verb easily. But other two is not much complex. The word **tired** is compliment.

At the end of period is added info. So it is called as **Adjunct**.

14] Identify the sentence which is not of the same pattern as the others.

(A) Solomon was wise
(B) She was excited
(C) He became the president
(D) He wore his new uniform

Explanation:

Option A, B & C denotes **SVC,** whereas option D denotes **SVO.**

He   wore   his new uniform

S   V   O

15] Identify the pattern of the sentence.
'Ravi often gets tired'

(A) S V DO IO
(B) S V AC A
(C) S A V A
(D) S A V C

Explanation:

Here '**Ravi**' is subject, '**often**' is Adjunct, '**gets**' is verb and '**tired**' is complement.

The sentence pattern is **SAVC.**

16] Identify the sentence pattern
He remained a bachelor
Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

(A) S V O
(B) S V A
(C) S V C
(D) A S V

Explanation:

He → subject, remained → verb & a bachelor→ complement, which denotes the state of being.

17] Match the patterns under Column A with the corresponding sentences under Column B and select the answer from the codes given below.

Column A	Column B
(a) S V C A	1. She sent me a parcel
(b) S V IO DO	2. He gave prizes to the winners
(c) S V C	3. The weather is hot in Chennai
(d) S V DO IO	4. She is a teacher

(a) (b) (c) (d)
(A) 4 1 2 3
(B) 2 4 1 3

(C) 3 1 4 2

(D) 1 3 2 4

Explanation:

She sent me a parcel – SV IO DO

He gave prizes to the winners – S V DO IO

The weather is hot in Chennai – S V C A

She is a teacher - S V C

Usually don't confuse direct and indirect object. If u look at the both sentence, the word 'parcel' and 'prizes' are direct object which has no life. Whereas the word 'me & winners' represents human. So it is indirect object.

18] This rose looks beautiful.
Identify the sentence pattern from the options given below.

(A) S V O

(B) S V O A

(C) S V A

(D) S V C

Explanation:

The word **beautiful** gives complement to the appearance (or) state of being. Thus 'This Rose' is subject and 'Looks' is verb. Thus option D is correct.

19] If you miss the bus, take a taxi.
Identify the correct type of sentence from the options given below :

(A) A simple sentence

(B) A complex sentence

(C) A compound sentence

(D) A negative sentence

Explanation:

The complex sentence will have 1 main clause (which stands independently) and 1 sub-ordinate clause(which stands dependently). In such aspect, from the above sentence 'If you miss the bus' is SC because it is not complete. If you miss the bus

what happens is question mark. So it is incomplete and dependant. Likewise, **take a taxi** is MC – complete & independent. Stands by its own meaning.

20] Identify the sentence pattern.
Brutus is an honourable man.

(A) S V C
(C) S V IO
(B) S V O
(D) S V DO

Explanation:

Here **Brutus** is Subject, **is** – verb and **honourable man** – complement (which states about its quality of being).

21] He taught me Hindi.
Identify the sentence pattern

(A) S V DO IO
(B) S V O C
(C) S V O A
(D) S V IO DO

Explanation:

The word **He** – subject, **taught** – verb, **me** – Indirect object & **Hindi** – direct object.

22] Identify the sentence which is not of the same pattern as the others :

(A) He was excited.
(B) He became the leader.
(C) Solomon was wise.
(D) He wore his new uniform.

Explanation:

Repeated question, whereas Option A, B & C denotes **SVC,** and option D denotes **SVO.**

He   wore   his new uniform

   S   V   O

23] Match the following sentences in Column A with the patterns in Column B and select the correct answer from the codes given :

Column A	Column B
(a) We call Gandhi 'Mahatma'.	1. S V C A
(b) Velu grew tired after the match.	2. S V IO DO
(c) We wear woollen clothes in winter.	3. S V O C
(d) Kumar gave me the right answer.	4. S V O A

(a) (b) (c) (d)
(A) 2 3 4 1
(B) 3 1 4 2
(C) 4 3 2 1
(D) 1 2 3 4

Explanation:

<u>We</u> call Gandhi 'Mahatma'. - **S V O C**

Velu grew tired after the match. – **S V C A**

We wear woollen clothes in winter. – **S V O A**

Kumar gave me the right answer. – **S V IO DO**

'Mahatma' means name called by people& **'tired'** is state of being So it is complement. **'After the match'** & **'in winter'** is added info, so adjunct. '

Wollen clothes, Gandhi & the right answer are object.

24] Identify the sentence pattern :
Surprisingly, Meena presented Arun a gold watch.

(A) S V O A
(B) A S O C

(C) A S V IO DO

(D) S V O

Explanation:

The word **surprisingly** is added info. So it is adjunct.

Meena → Subject , presented → Verb, Arun (person) → Indirect object & a gold watch → direct object (which have no life)

25] Match the underlined words in column 'A' with their parts of speech in column 'B' and select the correct answer from the codes given :

Column A	Column B
(a) <u>Ram</u> studies well	1. verb
(b) She is a <u>nurse</u>	2. object
(c) We ate <u>fruits</u>	3. complement
(d) I <u>wrote</u> a novel	4. subject

(a) (b) (c) (d)

(A) 4 3 2 1

(B) 3 4 1 2

(C) 2 4 3 1

(D) 1 3 4 2

Explanation:

Simple question, the underlined words like **Ram** → subject, **Nurse** → complement, **fruits** → object **& wrote** → verb

26] Identify the sentence pattern.
The crowd cheered him lustily.

(A) S V C A

(B) S V O C

(C) S V A A

(D) S V O A

Explanation:

The crowd   cheered   him   lustily.
   S   V   O   A

27] Identify the sentence pattern :
Friends, Romans, Countrymen, lend me your ears.

   (A) S V O
   (B) S V O A
   (C) S V IO DO
   (D) S V O C

Explanation:

Friends, romans& countrymen → Subject, **lend** → verb, **me** → indirect object & **your ears** → direct object.

28] Identify the sentence pattern :
Brutus is an honourable man.

   (A) S V C A
   (B) S V O C
   (C) S V C
   (D) S V IO DO

Explanation:

Brutus   is   an honourable man.
  S   V   C

29] Identify the sentence pattern of the following :
Raghu was ill last month.

   (A) S V O A
   (B) S V A A
   (C) S V A
   (D) S V C A

Explanation:

Raghu → Subject , **was** → verb, **ill** → complement(state of being) & **last month**→ adjunct.(added info)

30] Pick out the sentence :
Which is of the pattern S V C

      (A) I donated a computer.
      (B) This computer is sleek.
      (C) We take notes.
      (D) I met him.

Explanation:

According to the sentence pattern S V C, option B is right answer because **this computer** → subject, **is** → verb & **sleek** →complement (which means smooth to handle – state of being). Option A, C & D are SVO. So option B is right answer.