

6<sup>th</sup> Polity Questions Part 2 – [New Book]

Achieving Equality

**1. Various social groups from opinions about the other groups and this often leads to \_\_\_\_\_ in the society.**

- a. Observation
- b. Tension**
- c. Friendly Nation
- d. Transformation

**Explanation:**

✓ If two groups are developing at a time in various places, they will clash together and their ideologies will not get compromised together. This will leads to a war or clash.

For examples: 1. usages of water resource like river or pond, 2. Following a religion. Etc...

So, the answer is Tension in the society.

**2. Prejudice is**

- a. Pre + Judice
- b. Pre + Jud + ice
- c. Pre + Judge**
- d. None of the above.

**Explanation:**

✓ Prejudice is Pre + judge. In equality, people have the prejudgment about the other. Prejudices happens when people have false belief and ideas.

**3. Prejudice means to judge other people in a \_\_\_\_\_ manner, without knowing much about them.**

- a. Positive or superior
- b. Positive or Inferior
- c. Negative or Superior

**d. Negative or Inferior**

**Explanation:**

- ✓ Prejudgment is a negative or inferior manner of the people which leads to a bad thoughts about other people.

**4. Stereotype is a \_\_\_\_\_ view or idea about something.**

a. True

**b. False**

c. Personal

d. Common.

**Explanation:**

- ✓ Prejudice develops into a stereotype. Stereotype is a false view or idea about something.

**5. Which of the following is a perfect example of stereotype**

a. Ethno-Centrism

b. Group closer

**c. Gender based**

d. Socialization

**Explanation:**

- ✓ Gender based stereotype is a common one in any country. There is an example from last election of USA, Hilary Clinton lost because of her gender. It is one of the reason of her defeat. This is the example from other country. Our Indian Country is trying to abolish those inequalities. Please follow the news of Kerala, Sabarimala temple issue like that.

**5. Discrimination can be defined as**

**a. Negative actions towards people.**

b. Accepting a conflicts about a person

c. Positive encouragements for the particular group

d. Leaving alone the irresponsible people of a society.

**Explanation:**

- ✓ Stereotype leads to Discrimination. Discrimination defined as negative actions towards people.

**6. Which of the following statements are not the thoughts of discrimination?**

- a. Treating dark skinned people differently from fair skinned people.
- b. Giving more importance to people of higher than to those of lower caste
- c. Thinking boys are smarter than girls.
- d. Giving equal provisions for all kind of color, class, religion, people.**

**Explanation:**

- ✓ Read the question carefully 'not' is there. So except option 'd' is discrimination.

**7. Article 15(1) of the Indian constitution states that not to**

- a. Encourage the people
- b. Discriminate the people**
- c. Discrepancy the people
- d. Impartiality the people

**Explanation:**

- ✓ Article 15(1) states that not to discriminate the people on any grounds.

**8. How many years Nelson Mandela was imprisoned**

- a. 26
- b. 28
- c. 27**
- d. 25

**Explanation:**

- ✓ Nelson Mandela was imprisoned 27 years in South Africa.

**9. Former South African president, Nelson Mandela was freed in the year of**

- a. 1990**

- b.1991
- c.1992
- d.1989

**Explanation:**

✓ Nelson Mandela was freed in the year of 1990.

**10. Who is popularly known as Baba Saheb?**

- a. Dr.APJ. Abdul Kalam
- b. V.A.Smith

**c. Dr.Bhimarao Ramji Ambedkar**

- d. Jawaharlal Nehru.

**Explanation:**

✓ Dr. B.R.Ambedkar is popularly known as Baba Saheb.

**11. Which of the following University was awarded Ph.D for Dr. B.R. Ambedkar?**

- a. Oxford University

**b. Columbia University**

- c. London School of Economics and Political Science
- d. Royal Holloway, University of London.

**Explanation:**

✓ Columbia University awarded Ph.D for Ambedkar. Please don't confuse with the London. Read the 'did you know' table carefully.

**12. Our Indian Govt awarded Bharat Ratna for Dr. B.R. Ambedkar in**

- a. 1990**
- b. 1991
- c. 1989
- d.1992

**Explanation:**

✓ Ambedkar was posthumously awarded Bharath Ratna in 1990

**13. Match the following with List I and List II about its Literacy rate according to the 2011 Census.**

District	%
a. Kanyakumari	1. 85.20
b. Chennai	2. 86.16
c. Thoothukkudi	3. 90.18
d. The Nilgiris	4. 91.75

A B C D

a) 4 3 1 2

**b) 4 3 2 1**

c) 2 1 4 3

d) 2 1 3 4

**Explanation:**

District Name	Percentage
Kanyakumari	91.75%
Chennai	90.18%
Thoothukkudi	86.16%
The Nilgiris	85.20%

**14. Match the following with List I and List II about its Literacy rate according to the 2011 Census.**

District	%
a. Dharmapuri	1. 71.46
b. Ariyalur	2. 71.88
c. Krishnagiri	3. 71.34
d. Villupuram	4. 68.54

A B C D

- a) 4 3 1 2  
 b) 4 3 2 1  
 c) 2 1 4 3  
 d) 2 1 3 4

**Explanation:**

Dharmapuri	68.54%
Ariyalur	71.34%
Krishnagiri	71.46%
Villupuram	71.88%

**15. Match the following with List I and List II about its Number females per 1000 males according to the 2011 Census.**

District	Sex Ratio
a. The Nilgiris	1. 1031
b. Thanjavur	2. 1041
c. Nagapattinam	3. 1025
d. Thoothukkudi	4. 1024

A B C D

- a) 4 3 1 2  
 b) 4 3 2 1  
 c) 2 1 4 3  
**d) 2 1 3 4**

**Explanation:**

District Name	Sex Ratio
The Nilgiris	1041
Thanjavur	1031
Nagapattinam	1025
Thoothukkudi	1024

**16. Match the following with List I and List II about its Number females per 1000 males according to the 2011 Census.**

<b>District</b>	<b>Sex Ratio</b>
a. Dharmapuri	1. 954
b. Salem	2. 946
c. Krishnagiri	3. 977
d. Ramanathapuram	4. 956

A B C D

- a) 4 3 1 2  
 b) 4 3 2 1  
**c) 2 1 4 3**  
 d) 2 1 3 4

**Explanation:**

District Name	Sex Ratio
Dharmapuri	946
Salem	954
Krishnagiri	956
Ramanathapuram	977

**17. Which Article of our Indian Constitution states that equality before the law or equal protection within the territory of India and Prohibits the unreasonable discrimination between persons.**

- a. Article 15(1)  
**b. Article 14**  
 c. Article 17  
 d. Article 18.

**Explanation:**

- ✓ Article 14 of our Indian Constitution states that equality before the law or equal protection within the territory of India and Prohibits the unreasonable discrimination between persons.

18. Dr. APJ. Abdul Kalam was the \_\_\_\_\_ President of India

- a. 10<sup>th</sup>
- b. 9<sup>th</sup>
- c. 12<sup>th</sup>
- d. 11<sup>th</sup>**

**Explanation:**

- ✓ Abdul Kalam is 11<sup>th</sup> president of India. He is popularly known as People's president of India.

**19. How many times Viswanathan Anand won the World Chess championship?**

- a. Five**
- b. Four
- c. Six
- d. Three

**Explanation:**

- ✓ Anand has won the world chess championships five times (2000, 2007, 2008, 2010 and 2012).

**20. Viswanathan Anand became India's first Grand Master in**

- a. 1989
- b. 1988**
- c. 1987
- d. 1990

- ✓ In 1988 Viswanathan Anand got the title of Grand Master. He became the India's first Grand Master. Actually India is the origin of Chess. But India having its first Grand Master in 1988 officially. Because of Colonialism pushes down the intelligent thought process.



**21. Who was the first recipient of the Rajiv Gandhi Khel Ratna Award which is India's highest sporting honour?**

- a. S.Ilavazhagi
- b. Mariyappan Thangavelu
- c. **Viswanathan Anand**
- d. Ravichandran Ashwin.

**Explanation:**

- ✓ Rajiv Gandhi Khel Ratna award is the India's highest sporting award. Viswanathan Anand got it in the period of 1991-92.

**22. Mr. Mariyappan Thangavelu won the Paralympics Gold Medal in following sports of,**

- a. Long Jump
- b. **High Jump**
- c. Triple Jump
- d. Javelin Throw.

**Explanation:**

- ✓ Mariyappan Thangavelu won the gold medal in the men's high jump T-42 event, with a leap of 1.89 m. He is the inspirational one for many people. He suffered permanent disability in his right leg.

**23. In which year Mr.Mariyappan Thangavelu won the Gold Medal at Paralympics**

- a. **2016**
- b. 2012
- c. 2014
- d. 2018

**Explanation:**

- ✓ In 2016, At the Rio Paralympics Mr.Mariyappan Thangavelu won Gold Medal.

**24. In which country Ms. S.Ilavazhagi participated World carom championship for India?**

- a. Spain
- b. Hungary
- c. Italy

**d. France**

**Explanation:**

- ✓ She participated in World Carrom Championship at Palais Des Festivals, Cannes, France, and bagged her maiden women's title.

**25. In Which year Ms.S.Ilavazhagi won World carrom championship?**

- a. 2006
- b. 2007
- c. 2008**
- d. 2009

**Explanation:**

- ✓ In 2008 Ilavazhagi won carrom world championship. Her Father is an auto driver in Vyasarbadi, Chennai.

**26. In Which year Our Indian Government awarded Bharat Ratna for APJ.Abdul Kalam?**

- a. 1996
- b. 1997**
- c.1998
- d.1999.

**Explanation:**

- ✓ Bharat Ratna is the highest civilian award. Abdul Kalam got it in 1997.

**27. Dr.APJ. Abdul Kalam life period**

- a. 1932 to 2015
- b. 1932 to 2016

c. 1931 to 2015

d. 1931 to 2016.

**Explanation:**

✓ Life period of Abdul Kalam 1931 to 2015.

**28. Which of the following Indian constitution Article explains that, untouchability is totally abolished and it's any form of forbidden?**

a. Article 14

b. Article 15(1)

**c. Article 17**

d. Article 15.

**Explanation:**

✓ Article 17 talks about untouchability. Untouchability is a crime.