

6th History Questions Part 1 – [New Book]

What is History?

1. The term History which is derived from the Word “Istoria” is of which origin?

A] Egyptian

B] Sanskrit

C] Greek

D] Hebrew

✓ The term History has been derived from Greek word **ISTORIA** which means **learning By inquiry.**

2. Which of these Excavation sites are From Neolithic age ?

A] Bimbetka

B] Mehrgah

C] Lothal

D] All the above

✓ Mehrgarh, Chirand, Mahgara and Koldhiwala and paiyampalli from tamilnadu are some of major excavation sites from Neolithic Age. Bimbetka is from Paleolithic age and Lothal is from Bronze age.

3. Dharma chakra in our National flag was taken from Which inscription ?

A] Sanchistupa

B] Allahabad pillar

C] Saranath pillar

D] Ashoka’s Rock edicts.

✓ Dharma Chakra With 24 spokes on our National flag was taken from Saranath pillar of Ashoka.

4. Which of the Following comes under Archaeological sources of History ?

A] Monuments

- B] Wall inscriptions
- C] Accounts by Foreign Travellers

D] Both A and B.

- ✓ Accounts by foreign travellers comes under Literary sources along with Epics, Poems, Religious Literature etc.

5. The Prakrit word Dhamma Means

A] Religious duty

- B] Peace
- C] Justice
- D] Helping the poor.

- ✓ The word Dhamma for the Sanskrit term Dharma Means Religious duty.

6. Ancient Emperor Ashoka Embraced which religion after Kalingawar ?

- A] Jainism

B] Buddhism

- C] Hinduism
- D] None of the above.

- ✓ Ashoka Embraced Buddhism and then devoted his life to spread message of peace and dharma.

7. The Period for Which the Available writing records are yet to be deciphered is Called as

- A] Pre-history
- B] Hidden history

C] Proto history

- D] Ancient history

- ✓ Proto history is a period for which records in writing are available but yet to be deciphered. It is a period between prehistory and History.

8. Who authored The search for India's Lost Emperor which provided a Comprehensive account of Ashoka ?

A) Charles Allen

B) William Jones

C) James prince

D) Alexander cunnigham

✓ Allen wrote the book The search for India's lost emperor based on the accounts of William jones, James princep, Alexander Cunningham.

9. The study Of inscriptions are called as

A) Epigraphy

B) Inscribes

C) Numismatics

D) Archaeology

✓ Numismatics is Study of coins. Epigraphy is Study Of inscriptions.

10. Which of these Excavation sites are from Tamilnadu ?

A) Hallur

B) Athirampakkam

C) Mehrgarh

D) Chirand

✓ Paiyampalli, Adhichanallur and Athirampakkam are some of the major Excavation sites from Tamilnadu.

11) Dogs were domesticated to prevent from wild animals entering into the caves of ancestors was because which skill ?

A) biting

B) barking

C) sniffing

D) playing

✓ They were domesticated because of their sniffing and hunting skill.

12) Major sources of pre history are

A) stone tools

B) inscription

C) Rock edicts

D) none of the above

✓ The major sources are stone tools used for hunting, excavated materials and rock paintings.

13) The study of coins is known as

A) Coinalogy

B) Numismatics

C) epigraphy

D) none of the above

✓ Numismatics is Study of coins. Epigraphy is Study Of inscriptions.

14) Match the following

Period

Excavation sites

1) Paleolithic

A) Hallur

2) Neolithic

B) Bramhagiri

3) Iron age

C) adichanallur

4) Bronze age

D) Bimbetka

A) bcda

B) cdab

C) dbac

D) abcd

15) It was during Whose period that Buddhism spread to different parts of Asia.

A) Bindusara

B) Haryanka

C) Ashoka

D) Chandragupta maurya

✓ It was during Ashoka's period that Buddhism spread to different parts of Asia.

16) Which king was the First one to Lay roads and build hospitals for Animals?

- A) Bimbisara
- B) Bindusara
- C) Ajatasatru

D) Ashoka.

✓ Ashoka was the first king to Build hospitals for animals and He was the one who laid roads first.

17) Tools and Ornaments comes under which form of Sources of history.

- A) Literary sources
- B) Hunting sources

C) Archaeological sources

D) Artefactory sources.

✓ Tools, ornaments, Coins, Monuments, Artefacts, Rock edicts and caves are some of the major Archaeological sources of history.

18) The material evidence provided by Whom revealed the greatness of Asoka.

- A) Charles Wood
- B) William jones
- C) James Prinsep

D) Both B and C.

✓ The material evidence provided by William Jones, James Prinsep and Alexander Cunningham revealed the greatness of Emperor Ashoka.

19) The Prakrit Word Dhamma in Sanskrit Means

A) Dharma

- B) Dharmavasa
- C) Dhammam

D] None of the above.

- ✓ 'Dhamma' is the prakrit word for the Sanskrit term 'dharma', which means religious duty.

20) Which of the following is not a sources of history?

A] Copper plates

B] Coins

C] Epics

D] None of the above.

- ✓ All Copper Plates, Coins and Epics are sources of history.

21) Dharma chakra on our National flag from saranath pillar has How many number of spokes?

A] 22

B] 26

C] 24

D] 21

- ✓ Dharma Chakra With 24 spokes on our National flag was taken from Saranath pillar of Ashoka.