History Model Test Questions 23 in English With Answers

1. Who among the following described the Indian princes as helpers and colleagues in the task of Imperial rule?
   a. Lord Mayo  
   b. Lord Ripon  
   c. Lord Hardinge II  
   d. Lord Wavel

2. The figure of a dancing girl made of bronze is excavated in the place of __________
   a. Dilly  
   b. Lothal  
   c. Mohenjodaro  
   d. Rupar

3. Which of the following is/are wrongly matched?
   I. Bhavabhuti - Malatimadhavam  
   II. Subandhu - Vasavadatta  
   III. Kalidas - Dasakumara Charita  
   IV. Dandia - Avanti Sundari  
   a. I and III  
   b. I and II  
   c. I, II and IV  
   d. III and IV

4. Match:
   a. Al Hilal  
   b. Navajivan  
   c. Bombay Chronicle  
   d. Bande Mataram  
   a. 1  
   b. 2  
   c. 4  
   d. 3

5. Dinabandhu Mitra's first play __________ exposed the atrocities of the British indigo planters.
   a. Kulin Kulasarvasva  
   b. Ratnavali  
   c. Nil Darpan  
   d. Ras-Lila

6. K.Kamaraj, participated in Vedaranyam Salt Satyagraha, he was imprisoned and sent to the prison at __________
   a. Coimbatore  
   b. Vellore
c. Andaman  d. Alipur

7. Choose the correct answer from the codes given below:

Assertion(A): The Asoka Chakra found in our National flag consists of twenty four spokes. They are in blue colours.

Reason(R): The twenty four spokes denotes the eight fold path of Lord Buddha.

a. Both (A) and ® are correct  b. (A) is correct, ® is wrong
   c. (A) is partly correct, ® is wrong  d. (A) is partly correct and ® is also correct

8. Our National Anthem was composed by Rabindranath Tagore, it was first sung in the year ________

   a. 1905  b. 1906  c. 1911  d. 1912

9. Match List I with List II of the following with suitable options.

   List I                       List II
   a. Virupaksha Temple    1. Ellora
   b. Kailasanatha Temple   2. Kalugmalai
   c. Vetturan Temple       3. Pattadakal
   d. Ladhkhan Temple       4. Aihole

   a  b  c  d
   a. 3 1 4 2
   b. 3 1 2 4
   c. 1 3 2 4
   d. 1 2 3 4

10. Chinese pilgrim Yuan Chwang visited Kanchi in


11. Consider the following statements:

Assertion(A): Gandhiji started civil-disobedience movement in 1930.

Reason®: Therefore, the Indian National Congress party did not participate in the first round table conference held in 1930.

a. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is the correct explanation of (A)
   b. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is not the correct explanation of (A)
   c. (A) is true but (R) is false
d. (A) is false but ® is true

12. Consider the following statements:

Assertion(A): In 1916 Annie Besant organized the home rule league at Madras.
Reason®: Its objective is to achieve home rule through constitutional methods.

a. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is the correct explanation of (A)
b. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is not the correct explanation of (A)
c. (A) is true but (R) is false
d. (A) is false but ® is true

13. Consider the following statements consisting of Assertion(A) and Reason® and select your answer using the code below:

Assertion(A): The main political task of the national movement from 1870 to 1900 was politication, political propaganda and education and formation and propagation of political ideology.
Reason®: The press was the Chief instrument for carrying out this task.

a. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is the correct explanation of (A)
b. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is not the correct explanation of (A)
c. (A) is true but (R) is false
d. (A) is false but ® is true

14. Which of the following statements is true?

II. India council was formed in 1935.
III. Montagu-Chelmsford Reforms Act introduced diarchy in the provinces.
IV. Provincial Autonomy was introduced in 1935.

a. I and II b. II only c. III only d. III and IV

15. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists:

List I (Officers) List II (Charges)
a. Rajukas 1. Religion
b. Pradesikas 2. Secretaries
c. Yuktas 3. Revenue Collection and Police
d. Dharma Mahamatras 4. District Judge
16. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List I</th>
<th>List II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Back to Vedas</td>
<td>1. Abul Gaffar Khan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Patriot Saint of India</td>
<td>2. D.K. Karve</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Frontier Gandhi</td>
<td>3. Swami Vivekananda</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Hindu Widow’s Home</td>
<td>4. Swami Dayanand Saraswati</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

a. 4 3 2 1  
b. 2 4 1 3  
c. 4 3 1 2  
d. 3 4 2 1  

17. Which ancient university accommodated about 1000 0 students and 1500 teachers?

a. Kasi  b. Nalanda  
c. Takshesila  d. Ujjain  

18. Choose the correct answer from the codes given below:

Assertion(A): The State Department of Archaeology and Oceanography Department of Goa conducted underwater excavation at Puhar.

Reason®: To discover the submerged port city of Sangam Cholas.

a. Assertion is correct, Reason is wrong  
b. Assertion is wrong, Reason is correct  
c. Both Assertion and Reason are correct  
d. Both Assertion and Reason are incorrect  

19. The idea of establishing a Public Service Commission in India was first initiated along with which of the following?

Choose your answers from the options given below:
a. Minto-Morley Reforms 1909

b. Montague-Chelmsford Reforms 1919

c. Government of India Act 1935

d. Indian Independence Act 1947

20. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List I</th>
<th>List II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Sambadh Kaumud</td>
<td>1. Surendra Nath Banerjee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Sarvajanik Sabha</td>
<td>2. Bala Gangadhar Tilak</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. The Bengalee</td>
<td>3. Raja Ram Mohan Roy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. The Kesri</td>
<td>4. Gopala Krishna Gokhale</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   a b c d
   4 1 3 2
   1 3 4 2
   3 4 2 1
   d. 3 4 1 2

21. What are the two epics that help to know the Sangam Age?

   a. Silappadikaram and Manimekalai
   b. Ramayana and Mahabharatha
   c. Illiad and Oddessey
   d. Psalms and Proverbs

22. Consider the following two statements consisting of Assertion (A) and Reason ® and select your answer using the codes given below:

   Assertion (A): In 1906 at the Congress session in Calcutta, Dadabhai Naoroji proclaimed Swadeshi and Swaraj.

   Reason ®: In the same year V.O. Chidambaram Pillai founded his Swadeshi Steam Navigation Company.

   a. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is the correct explanation of (A)
   b. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is not the correct explanation of (A)
   c. (A) is true but ® is false
   d. (A) is false but ® is true

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23. Who of the following decided to use the term 'Home-Rule' in the place of 'Swaraj' as the goal of the Home Rule Movement?
   a. Dadabhai Naoroji
   b. Surendranath Banerjee
   c. Bala Gangadara Tilak
   d. Annie Besant

24. What is the major difference between Varna and Jati?
   a. Varna and Jati are the same
   b. Both are unrelated
   c. Varna are only four; bit Jati are many
   d. Jati is derived from Varna

25. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists.
   List I                               List II
   a. Madras Music Academy              1. 1943
   b. Madras Music Conference           2.1929
   c. Tamil Isai Movement               3. 1928
   d. Tamil Isai Sangam                 4. 1927

   a b c d
   a. 1 2 4 3
   b. 4 3 2 1
   c. 4 2 1 3
   d. 3 2 1 4

26. ________ belongs to Borneo primitive people.
   a. Kubus
   b. Dayaks
   c. Pygmies
   d. Sermang

27. The shore temple at Mamallapuram and Kailasanatha temple at Kanchipuram were the product of ________ Pallava ruler.
   a. Simhavishnu
   b. Mahendravarman
   c. Rajasimha
   d. Aparajitavaraman

28. Which of the following newspaper is not associated with the servants of India Society.
   I. The servants of India
   II. Dhyan Prakash

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III. Hitawad
IV. Tatvabodhini Patrika
a. I and II  b. III and IV  c. III only  d. IV only

29. Which of the following statements about South Indian Trade during 16th Century is/are NOT true?
   I. The largest shipyard was at Masulipatnam.
   II. Narasapur was a lesser used shipyard.
   III. On the western coast ships were built and repaired in Granganore and Cochin.
   IV. Corollary to Northern India the shipyards in the South were mainly owned by rulers.
   a. II and III  b. II, III and IV  c. I, II and III  d. I, II and IV

30. Which among the following were sent by the Greek sovereigns as ambassadors to paraliputra?
   I. Megasthenese  II. Dionysios
   III. Hesodotus  IV. Deimachus

31. Which of the following is wrongly matched?
   a. Junagadh rock inscription - Rudradaman I
   b. Aihore stone inscription - Pulakesin II
   c. Mehrauli pillar inscription - Chandragupta II
   d. Allahabad pillar inscription - Kumaragupta

32. Point out the wrong statement in the following statements:
   I. Indian National Congress was founded in December 1885 by Seventy-two Political Workers.
   II. It was the first organized expression of Indian Nationalism on a All – India scale.
   III. A.O. Hume, a retired English ICS Officer, played an important role in its formation.
   IV. Thilak, an extremist used the safety-value theory to attack the moderates in the congress.
   a. I  b. II  c. III  d. IV

33. About whom did Holmes who is well known for his important work on the history of the Indian Mutiny has described as “a man whose name deserves to be even mentioned by Englishmen with gratitude and admiration”
   c. Sir Salar Jang of Hyderabad  d. Begam of Bhopal
34. Which one of the following was a reason for the failure of talks held at the Simla Conference in 1945?
   a. The congress boycotted it
   b. The Viceroy was in different to demands of congress
   c. The Dominion status suggested by the Viceroy was not acceptable to both Congress and Muslim League
   d. Jinnah insisted that all Muslim members of the executive council must be nominated by Muslim League

35. “The greatest Indian since Gautama Buddha ad the greatest man the world has been since Jesus Christ”. Who described Gandhi like this?
   a. A.O.Hume
   b. Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya
   c. Dr.J.H.Holmes
   d. Mr.Norman Cousins

36. Consider the following two statements and choose the correct answer from the codes given below:
   Assertion(A): Nehru-Liaqat Pact was signed on 8th April 1950. It resolved to protect the minorities.
   Reason®: It was strongly disapproved by the Hindu Communalists. Two Ministers from Bengal, Prasad Mukherjee and K.C.Neofi resigned from the Cabinet.
   a. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is the correct explanation of (A)
   b. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is not the correct explanation of (A)
   c. (A) is true but (R) is false
   d. (A) is false but ® is true

37. Regarding the Freedom struggle which of the following events is/are not true?
   a. The Partition of Bengal was modified in 1910
   b. The Moplah Rebellion took place in 1921
   c. The Communal Award was announced in 1932
   d. Cripps Mission proposal on 1940

38. Fourth Mysore War was happened in the year
   a. 1806    b. 1857    c. 1799    d. 1798

39. Which is not the cause for taking census during Mauryan rule in 4th C.B.C.?
a. To control the movements of the population
b. To gauge accurately the military resources of the empire
c. To estimate material prosperity
d. To collect non-equitable tax

40. Arrange the visit the following foreign travelers to India in chronological order. Choose your answer using the codes given below:
I. Marco Polo
II. Nikitin
III. Ibn Battutuh
IV. Nicolo de Conti
V. Abdur Razzak
VI. Barbosa

   a. III, V, IV,II, I, VI  
   b. I, III, IV, V, II, VI
   c. VI, II, I, IV, III, V
   d. V, III, I, IV, VI

41. Fernno Nuniz a Portuguese horse-trader visited India during
   a. Akbar period
   b. Aurangazeb period
   c. Dalhousie period
   d. Achyutaraya period

42. The biggest Indian merchant trader of South India during 17th Century A.D. was
   a. Kasi Viranna
   b. Ahmed Chellaby
   c. Sunca Rama Chetty
   d. Virja Vora

43. The Sangam literature gives us useful information about the history of South India during the region of
   a. Cholas
   b. Pandyas
   c. Cheras
   d. All the above

44. Identify the wrong statement
   a. Vijayalaya Chola established his capital at Tanjore
   b. Rajendra I shifted the capital to Gangai Konda Cholapuram
   c. Kulotthunga Chola shifted the capital to Kalyani
   d. Rajaraja III shifted the capital to Darasuram

45. Match the following lists of Mahajanapadas and their capitals:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List I</th>
<th>List II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(Mahajanapadas)</td>
<td>(Capitals)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a. Gandhara</td>
<td>1. Taxila</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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b. Kamboja 2. Rajpur
c. Asmaka 3. Patna
d. Saurasena 4. Mathura

46. Consider the following statements:

Assertion (A): Dayananda Saraswathi began the Suddhi movement, i.e. conversion of non-Hindus to Hinduism.

Reason®: He wanted to shape the society on the model of the Vedas.

a. Both (A) and ® are individually true and ® is the correct explanation of (A)
b. Both (A) and ® are individually true but ® is not the correct explanation of (A)
c. (A) is true but ® is false
d. (A) is false but ® is true

47. Consider the following pairs:

I. Thanks giving day - 22 March 1940
II. Two Nation theory - 22 December 1939
III. Bombay Naval Mutiny - 8 August 1942
IV. Quit India movement - 8 August 1941

a. III and IV b. I and II c. II and III d. IV only

48. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer:

List I                 List II
a. Vernacular Press Act of 1878  1. Lord Chemsford
b. Indian Universities Act of 1904  2. Lord Curzon
c. Indian Councils Act of 1909  3. Lord Lytton
d. Rowlatt Act of 1919  4. Lord Minto II

a. 1 4 3 2
49. Which popular freedom fighter, who died after 58 days of fasting, from 19th October 1962, for the creation of separate State for Telugu speaking people, Andhra Pradesh
   a. Ma Po Sivagnanam  
   b. Potti Sritamulu  
   c. C. Rajagopalachari  
   d. Periyar E.V.R.

50. Shivaji was born at
   a. Satara  
   b. Bijapur  
   c. Shivner  
   d. Poona

51. Which one of the following is correctly matched?
   I. Kudavola System - Cheras
   II. Variya perumakkal - Pandyas
   III. Varipothagam - Cholas
   IV. Boomi Puthras - Kalapiras
   a. I  
   b. II  
   c. III  
   d. IV

52. Which one of the following is correctly matched?
   a. Ettayapuram - Collector Ash
   b. Jallian Walah Bagh Tragedy - Hunter Committee
   c. Swaraj Party - C.R. Das, Motilal Nehru
   d. Prohibition - V.O. Chidabaranar

53. Which British commander captured the place Nerkkattum Seval?
   a. Colonel Heron  
   b. Colonel Campel  
   c. Jackson Durai  
   d. Pulithdevar

54. The First Indian Governor General of Independent India was
   a. Lord Mountbatten  
   b. Lord Rippon  
   c. Rajagopalachari  
   d. Lord Canning

55. Rabindranath Tagore renounced his Knighthood in protest against _________ incident.
   a. The Jallian Walla Bagh Massacre  
   b. Rowlat Act  
   c. Chauri Chaura Incident  
   d. Dandhi March
56. The last king of the Mauryan Dynasty was
   a. Pushyamithra  b. Brihadratha
   c. Ajathasatru  d. Bimbisara

57. Match the following:
   a. Mohenjhadaro
   b. Kalibangan
   c. Lothal
   d. Harappa
   1. Gujarat
   2. Punjab
   3. Rajasthan
   4. Sind
   a. 3 1 2 4
   b. 4 3 1 2
   c. 1 2 4 3
   d. 2 4 3 1

58. Which king introduced “Chain of Justice” in the field of justice?
   a. Jahangir
   b. Akbar
   c. Asokar
   d. Shahjahan

59. According to Quran “Mamaluk” means
   I. The poor
   II. The slave
   III. The rich
   IV. The king
   a. I   b. II   c. III   d. IV

60. The Vijayanagar Empire founded in the year
   a. 1337 A.D.
   b. 1336 A.D.
   c. 1338 A.D.
   d. 1335 A.D.

61. Match the following List I with List II and choose the correct answer fro the codes given below:

   List I          List II
   a. Magna Carta of India   1. 1883
   b. Varnacular Press Act   2. 1885
   c. Ilbert Bill            3. 1878
   d. Indian National Congress 4. 1858
   a. 3 4 1 2
b. 4 3 1 2

c. 2 3 1 4
d. 1 4 3 2

62. Select false statement:
I. English language played an important role in Indian National Movement.
II. The Social Reformers had played no part in arising the National Movement.
III. The Policy of ‘Drain of Wealth’ by British leads to National Movement.
IV. Lyton’s Delhi Darbar and Vernacular Press Act leads to national movement.

a. I and II False
b. III and IV false
c. II alone false
d. I and III false

63. By which of the following incidents, Motilal Nehru, initially a Moderate, took to extremist Nationalism?

a. Partition of Bengal
b. Surat Split
c. Internment of Annie Besant
d. Chauri-Chaura Incident

64. Match the following List I with List II and choose the correct answer fro the codes given below:

List I
a. Poona Pact
b. Official demand for Pakistan
c. Simla Conference
d. Cabinet Mission

List II
1. 1946
2. 1945
3. 1932
4. 1940

a. b c d

a. 3 4 1 2
b. 3 1 2 4
c. 3 4 2 1
d. 3 2 4 1

65. Find the odd man out

a. Meghadutta
b. Raghuvamsa
c. Mudarakshasa
d. Ritusamhara

66. Which is called as Encyclopaedia of Buddhism?

a. Madhyamika Sutra
b. Sutraalankar

c. Mudarakshasa

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67. Two achievements of the Justice Party
   I. The domination of Brahmins
   II. Mid-day meal scheme
   III. Free pattas for housing sites to the poor
   IV. Caste and wealth played vital role

68. Find the odd man out
   a. Mahavir Charita             b. Uttara Rama Charita
   c. **Buddha Charita**          d. Malati Madhava

69. Which South Indian King helped Pulithevan, the first freedom fighter of Tamil country, by sending 4000 soldiers to fight against Mabakhan?
   a. Travancore: Marthandarman    b. Madurai: Poligars
   c. Pudukkottai: Tondaimans      d. Sivagiri: Poligars

70. The chronological order of the following national leaders of India is
   I. Lala Lajput Rai
   II. Rajendra Prasad
   III. Dadabhai Naoroji
   IV. Surendranath Banerjee

71. Which of the following is /are incorrect about the Swatantra party?
   I. It stood for free and private enterprise.
   II. It stood for the active role of the state in economic development
   III. It opposed centralized planning
   IV. It stood for nationalization of private enterprise.
   a. I, III, IV                    b. I and IV                    c. **II and IV**               d. III and IV

72. Which National leader was appointed as Dewan by Gaekwad of Baroda in 1870?
   a. Surendra Nath Banerjee        b. Gopal Krishna Gokhale
   c. **Bal Gangadhar Tilak**       d. Dadahai Naroji

73. Who is called as Indian Einstein?
74. Among the Sangam literature, find the odd man out
   a. Nattrinai  
   b. Kalithogai
   c. **Naladiyar**  
   d. Kurunthogai

75. In India Slavery was abolished during the governor generalship of
   a. William Willbeforce Brid  
   b. Lord Auckland
   c. **Ellenborough**  
   d. Lord Hardings

76. In India, slavery was abolished by law in the year
   a. 1841  
   b. 1842
   c. **1843**  
   d. 1845

77. Which was the port of Indus Valley Civilization?
   a. Lothal  
   b. Harappa
   c. Mohanjadaro  
   d. Surkotada

78. Who was the founder the Tuluva Dynasty?
   a. Veera Narasimha  
   b. Saluva Narasimha
   c. Krishnadevaraya  
   d. Achyuta Raya

79. The English Journal 'Revolt' was founded by
   a. E.V.Ramasamy  
   b. Ramalinga Vallalar
   c. Annie Besant  
   d. Dr.T.M.Nair

80. Who was the first English President of the Indian National Congress?
   a. Alfred Web  
   b. **George Yule**
   c. Sir Henry Cotton  
   d. Sir William Wedderburn

81. Who founded the Mohammedan Anglo oriental college?
   a. Jinnah  
   b. **Sir Syed Ahmed Khan**
   c. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad  
   d. Maulana Hussain Ahmed

82. Do or Die slogan was associated with whom?
   a. Nethaji Subhas Chandra Bose  
   b. Bal Gangadhar Tilak
   c. **Mahatma Gandhi**  
   d. Bhagat Singh

83. The founder of the Satya Sodhak Samaj was
   a. Atmaram Pandurang  
   b. Gopal Hari Deshmukh

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c. M.G.Ranade  
d. Jyothiba Phule

84. Match the following List I with List II and choose the correct answer fro the codes given below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List I</th>
<th>List II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Grihyasutras</td>
<td>1. Public rituals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Shrauta sutras</td>
<td>2. Architecture</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Dharma sutras</td>
<td>3. Domestic rituals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Shilpa sutras</td>
<td>4. Sacred rituals according to caste regulations</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

a. 3  
b. 2  
c. 4  
d. 1

85. While discovering the past history of India, the Brahmi Script was deciphered largely by

a. James Tod  
b. James Prinsep  
c. Alexander Cunningham  
d. Sri William Jones

86. Who was the eminent Christ saint banished by Jehangir for blessing his rebellions son Khusrao?

a. Shaik Salim  
b. Shaik Nizamuddin Faruqi Thaneswari  
c. Shaik Khwaja Muinuddin  
d. Shaik Nizamuddin Auluya

87. __________ is known as the Magnazarta of Indian education.

a. Macaulay’s Minute  
b. Woods Despatch  
c. Hunters Report  
d. Kotharis Report

88. Match the following List I with List II and choose the correct answer fro the codes given below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List I</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Ahmadya movement</td>
<td>1. Dayananda Saraswathi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Prarthana Samaj</td>
<td>2. Satyanand Agnihotri</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Deva Samaj</td>
<td>3. Atma Ram Pandurang</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Codes
a.  
b.  
c.  
d.  
89. Which among the following is chronologically latest?
   a. Bardoli Satyagraha   b. Champaran Satyagraha
   c. Ahmedabad Mill workers Satyagraha   d. Kheda Satyagraha

90. Match the following Indus valley sites in List I with the places associated in List II and select the correct answer using the codes given below:
   List I List II
   a. Kot Diji 1. Punjab
   b. Rupar 2. Haryana
   c. Mitathal 3. Gujarat
   d. Dholavira 4. Sindhu
   a b c d
   a. 4 3 1 2
   b. 2 4 3 1
   c. 4 1 2 3
   d. 2 3 4 1

91. The origin of the caste system is mentioned in ______
   a. Samhitas   b. Upanishads
   c. Purusha Suktam   d. Aranyakas

92. Which major Rock Edict of Asoka mention the prohibition of animal sacrifices.
   I. First Major Rock Edict   II. Second Major Rock Edict
   III. Third Major Rock Edict   IV. Fourth Major Rock Edict
   a. I   b. II   c. III   d. IV

93. Who is the author of Tabaqat-i-Nasiri?
   a. Hasan Nizami   b. Siraj
   c. Barani   d. Afif

94. Which of the following is NOT the tax collected by Delhi sultans.
95. Who among the following is NOT an Islamic zed Hindu slave?

I. Malik Kafur                  II. Khusrau Khan Baradu
III. Khan-I-Jahan Maqbul       IV. Ulugh Khan

a. I                            b. II                          c. III                      d. IV

96. Name the first English who visited the court of Jahangir in 1608?

a. Sir Thomas Stephan
b. William Hawkins

c. Sir Thoman Roe
 d. John Milden

97. The slogan “Go back to Vedas” is a Clarian call of __________

a. Ramakrishna Paramahamsa
b. Rajaram Mohan Roy

c. Dayananda Saraswathi
 d. Dr. Annie Besant

98. Which was the only session of the Indian National Congress presided over by Mahatma Gandhi?

a. Allahabad
b. Guwahati

c. Belgaum
 d. Kakinada

99. Who accused Indian national Congress of practicing ‘polities of prayer, petition and protest’?

a. Bipin Chandra Pal
b. Lala Lajpat Rai

c. Bala Gangadhar Tilak
 d. Subhash Chandra Bose

100. The weekly commonweal was founded by whom?

a. Subhas Chandra Bose
b. Sardar Patel

c. Annie Besant
 d. Sarojini Naidu