

## History Model Test Questions 23 in English With Answers

1. Who among the following described the Indian princes as helpers and colleagues in the task of Imperial rule?
  - a. Lord Mayo
  - b. Lord Ripon
  - c. Lord Hardinge II**
  - d. Lord Wavel
2. The figure of a dancing girl made of bronze is excavated in the place of \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. Dilly
  - b. Lothal
  - c. Mohenjodaro**
  - d. Rupar
3. Which of the following is/are wrongly matched?
 

I. Bhavabhuti	- Malatimadhavam
II. Subandhu	- Vasavadatta
III. Kalidas	- Dasakumara Charita
IV. Dandia	- Avanti Sundari

  - a. I and III
  - b. I and II
  - c. I, II and IV
  - d. III and IV**
4. Match:
 

a. Al Hilal	1. Mahatma Gandhi
b. Navajivan	2. Abul Kalam Azad
c. Bombay Chronicle	3. Aurobindo Ghosh
d. Bande Mataram	4. Pheroze Shah Mehta

a	b	c	d
a. 1	2	4	3
b. 2	3	4	1
<b>c. 2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>
d. 1	2	3	4
5. Dinabandhu Mitra's first play \_\_\_\_\_ exposed the atrocities of the British indigo planters.
  - a. Kulin Kulasarvasa
  - b. Ratnavali
  - c. Nil Darpan**
  - d. Ras-Lila
6. K.Kamaraj, participated in Vedaranyam Salt Satyagraha, he was imprisoned and sent to the prison at \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. Coimbatore
  - b. Vellore

c. Andaman

d. Alipur

7. Choose the correct answer from the codes given below:

Assertion(A): The Asoka Chakra found in our National flag consists of twenty four spokes.

They are in blue colours.

Reason(R): The twenty four spokes denotes the eight fold path of Lord Buddha.

a. Both (A) and ® are correct

b. (A) is correct, ® is wrong

c. (A) is partly correct, ® is wrong

d. (A) is partly correct and ® is also correct

8. Our National Anthem was composed by Rabindranath Tagore, it was first sung in the year

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a. 1905

b. 1906

c. 1911

d. 1912

9. Match List I with List II of the following with suitable options.

List I

List II

a. Virupaksha Temple

1. Ellora

b. Kailasanatha Temple

2. Kalugmalai

c. Vetturan Temple

3. Pattadakal

d. Ladhkhan Temple

4. Aihole

a      b      c      d

a. 3      1      4      2

b. 3      1      2      4

c. 1      3      2      4

d. 1      2      3      4

10. Chinese pilgrim Yuan Chwang visited Kanchi in

a. A.D. 640

b. A.D. 500

c. A.D. 150

d. A.D. 720

11. Consider the following statements:

Assertion(A): Gandhiji started civil-disobedience movement in 1930.

Reason®: Therefore, the Indian National Congress party did not participate in the first round table conference held in 1930.

a. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is the correct explanation of (A)

b. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is not the correct explanation of (A)

c. (A) is true but (R) is false

d. (A) is false but ® is true

12. Consider the following statements:

Assertion(A): In 1916 Annie Besant organized the home rule league at Madras.

Reason®: Its objective is to achieve home rule through constitutional methods.

**a. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is the correct explanation of (A)**

b. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is not the correct explanation of (A)

c. (A) is true but (R) is false

d. (A) is false but ® is true

13. Consider the following statements consisting of Assertion(A) and Reason® and select your answer using the code below:

Assertion(A): The main political task of the national movement from 1870 to 1900 was politicisation, political propaganda and education and formation and propagation of political ideology.

Reason®: The press was the Chief instrument for carrying out this task.

**a. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is the correct explanation of (A)**

b. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is not the correct explanation of (A)

c. (A) is true but (R) is false

d. (A) is false but ® is true

14. Which of the following statements is true?

I. The Government of India Act, 1935, introduced diarchy in the provinces.

II. India council was formed in 1935.

III. Montagu-Chelmsford Reforms Act introduced diarchy in the provinces.

IV. Provincial Autonomy was introduced in 1935.

a. I and II      b. II only      c. III only      **d. III and IV**

15. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists:

List I (Officers)

List II (Charges)

a. Rajukas

1. Religion

b. Pradesikas

2. Secretaries

c. Yuktas

3. Revenue Collection and Police

d. Dharma Mahamatras

4. District Judge

	a	b	c	d
a.	4	3	2	1
b.	2	4	1	3
c.	4	3	1	2
d.	3	4	2	1

16. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists:

List I

List II

- |                           |                             |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| a. Back to Vedas          | 1. Abul Gaffar Khan         |
| b. Patriot Saint of India | 2. D.K. Karve               |
| c. Frontier Gandhi        | 3. Swami Vivekananda        |
| d. Hindu Widow's Home     | 4. Swami Dayanand Saraswati |

	a	b	c	d
a.	2	3	4	1
b.	4	2	3	1
c.	3	1	2	4
d.	4	3	1	2

17. Which ancient university accommodated about 10000 students and 1500 teachers?

- |               |                   |
|---------------|-------------------|
| a. Kasi       | <b>b. Nalanda</b> |
| c. Takshesila | d. Ujjain         |

18. Choose the correct answer from the codes given below:

Assertion(A): The State Department of Archaeology and Oceanography Department of Goa conducted underwater excavation at Puhar.

Reason(R): To discover the submerged port city of Sangam Cholas.

- Assertion is correct, Reason is wrong
- Assertion is wrong, Reason is correct
- Both Assertion and Reason are correct**
- Both Assertion and Reason are incorrect

19. The idea of establishing a Public Service Commission in India was first initiated along with which of the following?

Choose your answers from the options given below:

- a. Minto-Morley Reforms 1909
- b. Montague-Chelmsford Reforms 1919**
- c. Government of India Act 1935
- d. Indian Independence Act 1947

20. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists:

List I

List II

- a. Sambadh Kaumud
- b. Sarvajanic Sabha
- c. The Bengalee
- d. The Kesri

- 1. Surendra Nath Banerjee
- 2. Bala Gangadhar Tilak
- 3. Raja Ram Mohan Roy
- 4. Gopala Krishna Gokhale

- |    | a | b | c | d |
|----|---|---|---|---|
| a. | 4 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| b. | 1 | 3 | 4 | 2 |
| c. | 3 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| d. | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 |

21. What are the two epics that help to know the Sangam Age?

- a. Silappadikaram and Manimekalai**
- b. Ramayana and Mahabharata
- c. Illiad and Odysseey
- d. Psalms and Proverbs

22. Consider the following two statements consisting of Assertion(A) and Reason ® and select your answer using the codes given below:

Assertion(A): In 1906 at the Congress session in Calcutta, Dadabhai Naoroji proclaimed Swadeshi and Swaraj.

Reason®: In the same year V.O. Chidambaram Pillai founded his Swadeshi Steam Navigation Company.

- a. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is the correct explanation of (A)**
- b. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is not the correct explanation of (A)
- c. (A) is true but (R) is false
- d. (A) is false but ® is true

23. Who of the following decided to use the term 'Home-Rule' in the place of 'Swaraj' as the goal of the Home Rule Movement?

- a. Dadabhai Naoroji                      b. Surendranath Banerjee  
c. **Bala Gangadara Tilak**                d. Annie Besant

24. What is the major difference between Varna and Jati?

- Varna and Jati are the same
- Both are unrelated
- Varna are only four; bit Jati are many
- Jati is derived from Varna**

25. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists.

List I	List II
a. Madras Music Academy	1. 1943
b. Madras Music Conference	2. 1929
c. Tamil Isai Movement	3. 1928
d. Tamil Isai Sangam	4. 1927

	a	b	c	d
a.	1	2	4	3
<b>b.</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>
c.	4	2	1	3
d.	3	2	1	4

26. \_\_\_\_\_ belongs to Borneo primitive people.

- a. Kubus                      b. Dayaks  
c. Pygmies                  d. Sermang

27. The shore temple at Mamallapuram and Kailasanatha temple at Kanchipuram were the product of \_\_\_\_\_ Pallava ruler.

- a. Simhavishnu  
b. Mahendravarman  
c. **Rajasimha**  
d. Aparajitavaraman

28. Which of the following newspaper is not associated with the servants of India Society.

- I. The servants of India  
II. Dhyan Prakash

III. Hitawad

IV. Tatvabodhini Patrika

- a. I and II      b. III and IV      c. III only      **d. IV only**

29. Which of the following statements about South Indian Trade during 16<sup>th</sup> Century is/are NOT true?

I. The largest shipyard was at Masulipatnam.

II. Narasapur was a lesser used shipyard.

III. On the western coast ships were built and repaired in Granganore and Cochin.

IV. Corollary to Northern India the shipyards in the South were mainly owned by rulers.

- a. II and III      b. II, III and IV      c. I, II and III      **d. I, II and IV**

30. Which among the following were sent by the Greek sovereigns as ambassadors to parliputra?

I. Megasthenese

II. Dionysios

III. Hesodotus

IV. Deimachus

- a. I, II and III      **b. I, II and IV**      c. II, III and IV      d. I, III and IV

31. Which of the following is wrongly matched?

a. Junagadh rock inscription - Rudradaman I

b. Aihore stone inscription - Pulakesin II

c. Mehrauli pillar inscription - Chandragupta II

**d. Allahabad pillar inscription - Kumaragupta**

32. Point out the wrong statement in the following statements:

I. Indian National Congress was founded in December 1885 by Seventy-two Political Workers.

II. It was the first organized expression of Indian Nationalism on a All – India scale.

III. A.O. Hume, a retired English ICS Officer, played an important role in its formation.

IV. Thilak, an extremist used the safety-value theory to attack the moderates in the congress.

- a. I      b. II      c. III      **d. IV**

33. About whom did Holmes who is well known for his important work on the history of the Indian Mutiny has described as “a man whose name deserves to be even mentioned by Englishmen with gratitude and admiration”

a. Gulab Singh of Kashmir

b. Sir Jang Bahadur of Nepal

**c. Sir Salar Jang of Hyderabad**

d. Begam of Bhopal

34. Which one of the following was a reason for the failure of talks held at the Simla Conference in 1945?
- a. The congress boycotted it
  - b. The Viceroy was in different to demands of congress
  - c. The Dominion status suggested by the Viceroy was not acceptable to both Congress and Muslim League
  - d. Jinnah insisted that all Muslim members of the executive council must be nominated by Muslim League**
35. "The greatest Indian since Gautama Buddha and the greatest man the world has been since Jesus Christ". Who described Gandhi like this?
- a. A.O.Hume
  - b. Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya
  - c. Dr.J.H.Holmes**
  - d. Mr.Norman Cousins
36. Consider the following two statements and choose the correct answer from the codes given below:
- Assertion(A): Nehru-Liaquat Pact was signed on 8<sup>th</sup> April 1950. It resolved to protect the minorities.
- Reason®: It was strongly disapproved by the Hindu Communalists. Two Ministers from Bengal, Prasad Mukherjee and K.C.Neogi resigned from the Cabinet.
- a. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is the correct explanation of (A)**
  - b. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is not the correct explanation of (A)
  - c. (A) is true but (R) is false
  - d. (A) is false but ® is true
37. Regarding the Freedom struggle which of the following events is/are not true?
- a. The Partition of Bengal was modified in 1910
  - b. The Moplah Rebellion took place in 1921
  - c. The Communal Award was announced in 1932
  - d. Cripps Mission proposal on 1940**
38. Fourth Mysore War was happened in the year
- a. 1806
  - b. 1857
  - c. 1799**
  - d. 1798
39. Which is not the cause for taking census during Mauryan rule in 4<sup>th</sup> C.B.C.?



- a. To control the movements of the population
- b. To gauge accurately the military resources of the empire
- c. To estimate material prosperity
- d. To collect non-equitable tax**

40. Arrange the visit the following foreign travelers to India in chronological order. Choose your answer using the codes given below:

- |                   |                     |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| I. Marco Polo     | II. Nikitin         |
| III. Ibn Battutuh | IV. Nicolo de Conti |
| V. Abdur Razzak   | VI. Barbosa         |

- |                          |                                 |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|
| a. III, V, IV, II, I, VI | <b>b. I, III, IV, V, II, VI</b> |
| c. VI, II, I, IV, III, V | d. V, III, II, I, IV, VI        |

41. Fernno Nuniz a Portuguese horse-trader visited India during

- |                     |                              |
|---------------------|------------------------------|
| a. Akbar period     | b. Aurangazeb period         |
| c. Dalhousie period | <b>d. Achyutaraya period</b> |

42. The biggest Indian merchant trader of South India during 17<sup>th</sup> Century A.D. was

- |                        |                   |
|------------------------|-------------------|
| <b>a. Kasi Viranna</b> | b. Ahmed Chellaby |
| c. Sunca Rama Chetty   | d. Virja Vora     |

43. The Sangam literature gives us useful information about the history of South India during the region of

- |           |                         |
|-----------|-------------------------|
| a. Cholas | b. Pandyas              |
| c. Cheras | <b>d. All the above</b> |

44. Identify the wrong statement

- a. Vijayalaya Chola established his capital at Tanjore
- b. Rajendra I shifted the capital to Gangai Konda Cholapuram
- c. Kulotthunga Chola shifted the capital to Kalyani**
- d. Rajaraja III shifted the capital to Darasuram

45. Match the following lists of Mahajanapadas and their capitals:

- |                 |            |
|-----------------|------------|
| List I          | List II    |
| (Mahajanapadas) | (Capitals) |
| a. Gandhara     | 1. Taxila  |

- |              |            |
|--------------|------------|
| b. Kamboja   | 2. Rajpur  |
| c. Asmaka    | 3. Patna   |
| d. Saurasena | 4. Mathura |

- |      |   |   |   |
|------|---|---|---|
| a    | b | c | d |
| a. 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| b. 2 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| c. 1 | 2 | 4 | 3 |
| d. 2 | 3 | 1 | 4 |

46. Consider the following statements:

Assertion(A): Dayananda Saraswathi began the Suddhi movement, i.e. conversion of non-Hindus to Hinduism.

Reason®: He wanted to shape the society on the model of the Vedas.

- a. Both (A) and ® are individually true and ® is the correct explanation of (A)  
 b. Both (A) and ® are individually true but ® is not the correct explanation of (A)  
 c. (A) is true but ® is false  
 d. (A) is false but ® is true

47. Consider the following pairs:

- |                          |                    |
|--------------------------|--------------------|
| I. Thanks giving day     | - 22 March 1940    |
| II. Two Nation theory    | - 22 December 1939 |
| III. Bombay Naval Mutiny | - 8 August 1942    |
| IV. Quit India movement  | - 8 August 1941    |

- a. III and IV      b. I and II      c. II and III      d. IV only

48. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer:

- |                                    |                   |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| List I                             | List II           |
| a. Vernacular Press Act of 1878    | 1. Lord Chemsford |
| b. Indian Universities Act of 1904 | 2. Lord Curzon    |
| c. Indian Councils Act of 1909     | 3. Lord Lytton    |
| d. Rowlatt Act of 1919             | 4. Lord Minto II  |

- |      |   |   |   |
|------|---|---|---|
| a    | b | c | d |
| a. 1 | 4 | 3 | 2 |

- b. 2      3      1      4  
c. 3      2      1      4  
d. 3      2      4      1

49. Which popular freedom fighter, who died after 58 days of fasting, from 19<sup>th</sup> October 1962, for the creation of separate State for Telugu speaking people, Andhra Pradesh

- a. Ma Po Sivagnanam      **b. Potti Sritamulu**  
c. C.Rajagopalachari      d. Periyar E.V.R.

50. Shivaji was born at

- a. Satara      b. Bijapur  
**c. Shivner**      d. Poona

51. Which one of the following is correctly matched?

- I. Kudavola System      - Cheras  
II. Variya perumakkal      - Pandyas  
III. Varipothagam      - Cholas  
IV. Boomi Puthras      - Kalapiras  
a. I      b. II      **c. III**      d. IV

52. Which one of the following is correctly matched?

- a. Ettayapuram      - Collector Ash  
b. Jallian Walah Bagh Tragedy      - Hunter Committee  
**c. Swaraj Party**      - **C.R.Das, Motilal Nehru**  
d. Prohibition      - V.O.Chidabaranar

53. Which British commander captured the place Nerkkattum Seval?

- a. Colonel Heron      **b. Colonel Campel**  
c. Jackson Durai      d. Pulithdevar

54. The First Indian Governor General of Independent India was

- a. Lord Mountbatten      b. Lord Rippon  
**c. Rajagopalachari**      d. Lord Canning

55. Rabindranath Tagore renounced his Knighthood in protest against \_\_\_\_\_ incident.

- a. The Jallian Walla Bagh Massacre**      b. Rowlat Act  
c. Chauri Chaura Incident      d. Dandhi March

56. The last king of the Mauryan Dynasty was

- a. Pushyamithra                      **b. Brihadratha**  
c. Ajathasatru                      d. Bimbisara

57. Match the following:

- a. Mohenjhadaro              1. Gujarat  
b. Kalibangan              2. Punjab  
c. Lothal              3. Rajasthan  
d. Harappa              4. Sind

- |           | a        | b        | c        | d        |
|-----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| a.        | 3        | 1        | 2        | 4        |
| <b>b.</b> | <b>4</b> | <b>3</b> | <b>1</b> | <b>2</b> |
| c.        | 1        | 2        | 4        | 3        |
| d.        | 2        | 4        | 3        | 1        |

58. Which king introduced "Chain of Justice" in the field of justice?

- a. **Jahangir**                      b. Akbar  
c. Asokar                      d. Shahjahan

59. According to Quran "Mamaluk" means

- I. The poor                      II. The slave  
III. The rich                      IV. The king  
a. I              **b. II**              c. III              d. IV

60. The Vijayanagar Empire founded in the year

- a. 1337 A.D.              **b. 1336 A.D.**              c. 1338 A.D.              d. 1335 A.D.

61. Match the following List I with List II and choose the correct answer from the codes given below:

- | List I                      | List II |
|-----------------------------|---------|
| a. Magna Carta of India     | 1. 1883 |
| b. Vernacular Press Act     | 2. 1885 |
| c. Ilbert Bill              | 3. 1878 |
| d. Indian National Congress | 4. 1858 |

- |    | a | b | c | d |
|----|---|---|---|---|
| a. | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 |

b. 4      3      1      2

c. 2      3      1      4

d. 1      4      3      2

62. Select false statement:

I. English language played an important role in Indian National Movement.

II. The Social Reformers had played no part in arising the National Movement

III. The Policy of 'Drain of Wealth' by British leads to National Movement.

IV. Lyton's Delhi Darbar and Vernacular Press Act leads to national movement.

a. I and II False

b. III and IV false

c. **II alone false**

d. I and III false

63. By which of the following incidents, Motilal Nehru, initially a Moderate , took to extremist Nationalism?

a. Partition of Bengal

b. Surat Split

c. **Internment of Annie Besant**

d. Chauri-Chaura Incident

64. Match the following List I with List II and choose the correct answer fro the codes given below:

List I

List II

a. Poona Pact

1. 1946

b. Official demand for Pakistan

2. 1945

c. Simla Conference

3. 1932

d. Cabinet Mission

4. 1940

a      b      c      d

a. 3      4      1      2

b. 3      1      2      4

c. **3      4      2      1**

d. 3      2      4      1

65. Find the odd man out

a. Meghadutta

b. Raghuvamsa

c. **Mudarakshasa**

d. Ritusamhara

66. Which is called as Encyclopaedia of Buddhism?

a. Madhyamika Sutra

b. Sutraalankar

c. Mahavibasha Sastra

d. Buddha Charita

67. Two achievements of the Justice Party

I. The domination of Brahmins

II. Mid-day meal scheme

III. Free pattas for housing sites to the poor

IV. Caste and wealth played vital role

a. I, IV

b. II, III

c. I, II

d. III, IV

68. Find the odd man out

a. Mahavir Charita

b. Uttara Rama Charita

c. Buddha Charita

d. Malati Madhava

69. Which South Indian King helped Pulithevan, the first freedom fighter of Tamil country, by sending 4000 soldiers to fight against Mabakhan?

a. Travancore: Marthandarman

b. Madurai: Poligars

c. Pudukkottai : Tondaimans

d. Sivagiri: Poligars

70. The chronological order of the following national leaders of India is

I. Lala Lajput Rai

II. Rajendra Prasad

III. Dadabhai Naoroji

IV. Surendranath Banerjee

a. III, IV, I, II

b. IV, II, I, III

c. III, I, IV, II

d. I, II, III, IV

71. Which of the following is /are incorrect about the Swatantra party?

I. It stood for free and private enterprise.

II. It stood for the active role of the state in economic development

III. It opposed centralized planning

IV. It stood for nationalization of private enterprise.

a. I, III, IV

b. I and IV

c. II and IV

d. III and IV

72. Which National leader was appointed as Dewan by Gaekwad of Baroda in 1870?

a. Surendra Nath Banerjee

b. Gopal Krishna Gokhale

c. Bal Gangadhar Tilak

d. Dadahai Naroji

73. Who is called as Indian Einstein?

- a. Varahamihra  
c. Aryabatta
- b. Nagarjuna  
d. Brahmagupta
74. Among the Sangam literature, find the odd man out
- a. Natrinai  
c. **Naladiyar**
- b. Kalithogai  
d. Kurunthogai
75. In India Slavery was abolished during the governor generalship of
- a. William Willbeforce Brid  
c. **Ellenborough**
- b. Lord Auckland  
d. Lord Hardings
76. In India, slaery was abolished by law in the year
- a. 1841  
b. 1842  
c. **1843**  
d. 1845
77. Which was the port of Indus Valley Civilization?
- a. **Lothal**  
c. Mohanjadaro
- b. Harappa  
d. Surkotada
78. Who was the founder the Tuluva Dynasty?
- a. **Veera Narasimha**  
c. Krishnadevaraya
- b. Saluva Narasimha  
d. Achyuta Raya
79. The English Journal 'Revolt' was founded by
- a. **E.V.Ramasamy**  
c. Annie Besant
- b. Ramalinga Vallalar  
d. Dr.T.M.Nair
80. Who was the first English President of the Indian National Congress?
- a. Alfred Web  
c. Sir Henry Cotton
- b. **George Yule**  
d. Sir William Wedderburn
81. Who founded the Mohammedan Anglo oriental college?
- a. Jinnah  
c. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad
- b. **Sir Syed Ahmed Khan**  
d. Maulana Hussain Ahmed
82. Do or Die slogan was associated with whom?
- a. Nethaji Subhas Chandra Bose  
c. **Mahatma Gandhi**
- b. Bal Gangadhar Tilak  
d. Bhagat Singh
83. The founder of the Satya Sodhak Samaj was
- a. Atmaram Pandurang  
b. Gopal Hari Deshmukh

c. M.G.Ranade

d. Jyothiba Phule

84. Match the following List I with List II and choose the correct answer from the codes given below:

List I

List II

a. Grihyasutras

1. Public rituals

b. Shrauta sutras

2. Architecture

c. Dharma sutras

3. Domestic rituals

d. Shilpa sutras

4. Sacred rituals according to caste regulations.

a      b      c      d

a. 3      1      4      2

b. 2      3      4      1

c. 4      3      2      1

d. 1      3      4      2

85. While discovering the past history of India, the Brahmi Script was deciphered largely by

a. James Tod

b. James Prinsep

c. Alexander Cunningham

d. Sri William Jones

86. Who was the eminent Christ saint banished by Jehangir for blessing his rebellious son Khusrao?

a. Shaik Salim

b. Shaik Nizamuddin Faruqi Thanewari

c. Shaik Khwaja Muinuddin

d. Shaik Nizamuddin Auliyah

87. \_\_\_\_\_ is known as the Magna Carta of Indian education.

a. Macaulay's Minute

b. Woods Despatch

c. Hunter's Report

d. Kothari's Report

88. Match the following List I with List II and choose the correct answer from the codes given below:

List I

List II

a. Ahmadiya movement

1. Dayananda Saraswati

b. Prarthana Samaj

2. Satyanand Agnihotri

c. Deva Samaj

3. Atma Ram Pandurang

d. Arya Samaj

4. Mirza Ghulam Ahmed

Codes

a      b      c      d



- |    |          |          |          |          |
|----|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| a. | 4        | 1        | 2        | 3        |
| b. | 3        | 2        | 4        | 1        |
| c. | <b>4</b> | <b>3</b> | <b>2</b> | <b>1</b> |
| d. | 2        | 4        | 1        | 3        |

89. Which among the following is chronologically latest?

- a. Bardoli Satyagraha  
b. Champaran Satyagraha  
c. Ahmedabad Mill workers Satyagraha  
d. Kheda Satyagraha

90. Match the following Indus valley sites in List I with the places associated in List II and select the correct answer using the codes given below:

List I

List II

- |              |            |
|--------------|------------|
| a. Kot Diji  | 1. Punjab  |
| b. Rupar     | 2. Haryana |
| c. Mitathal  | 3. Gujarat |
| d. Dholavira | 4. Sindhu  |

a            b            c            d

- |    |          |          |          |          |
|----|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| a. | 4        | 3        | 1        | 2        |
| b. | 2        | 4        | 3        | 1        |
| c. | <b>4</b> | <b>1</b> | <b>2</b> | <b>3</b> |
| d. | 2        | 3        | 4        | 1        |

91. The origin of the caste system is mentioned in \_\_\_\_\_

- a. Samhitas  
b. Upanishads  
c. Purusha Suktam  
d. Aranyakas

92. Which major Rock Edict of Asoka mention the prohibition of animal sacrifices.

- I. First Major Rock Edict  
II. Second Major Rock Edict  
III. Third Major Rock Edict  
IV. Fourth Major Rock Edict
- a. I      b. II      c. III      d. IV

93. Who is the author of Tabaqat-i-Nasiri?

- a. Hasan Nizami                      b. Siraj  
c. Barani                                d. Afif

94. Which of the following is NOT the tax collected by Delhi sultans.

- I. Khams                      II. Zakat                      III. Iqta                      d. Ushr  
a. I                      b. II                      c. III                      d. IV

95. Who among the following is NOT an Islamic zed Hindu slave?

- I. Malik Kafur                      II. Khusrau Khan Baradu  
III. Khan-I-Jahan Maqbul                      IV. Ulugh Khan  
a. I                      b. II                      c. III                      d. IV

96. Name the first English who visited the court of Jahangir in 1608?

- a. Sir Thomas Stephan                      b. William Hawkins  
c. Sir Thoman Roe                      d. John Milden

97. The slogan "Go back to Vedas" is a Clarian call of \_\_\_\_\_

- a. Ramakrishna Paramahamsa                      b. Rajaram Mohan Roy  
c. Dayananda Saraswathi                      d. Dr. Annie Besant

98. Which was the only session of the Indian National Congress presided over by Mahatma Gandhi?

- a. Allahabad                      b. Guwahati  
c. Belgaum                      d. Kakinada

99. Who accused Indian national Congress of practicing 'polities of prayer, petition and protest'?

- a. Bipin Chandra Pal                      b. Lala Lajpat Rai  
c. Bala Gangadhar Tilak                      d. Subhash Chandra Bose

100. The weekly commonweal was founded by whom?

- a. Subhas Chandra Bose                      b. Sardar Patel  
c. Annie Besant                      d. Sarojini Naidu