History Model Test Questions 22 in English With Answers

1. Name the place exclusively devoted to craft production during Harappan civilization
   a. Mohenjodaro
   b. Chanhudaro
   c. Dholavire
   d. Lothal

2. Arrange the chronological order:
   I. Invasion of Timur on Delhi
   II. Construction of Qutb Minar
   III. Ascendancy of Razia in Delhi
   IV. Malik Kafur’s South Indian Invasion
   a. I, II, III, IV
   b. II, III, IV, I
   c. II, I, IV, II
   d. IV, III, II, I

3. Consider the following statements regarding Chatrapathi Shivaji
   1. Shivaji ransacked the Mugal's port Surat in 1664 A.D.
   2. In 1665, treaty of Purandhar was signed between Shivaji and Jaisingh
   3. In 1674, Shivaji himself made a title Chatrapathi at Raigarh.
   4. Asraprashan, the group of eight ministers who assist Chatapathi Shivaji.
   Choose the correct option
   a. 1, 3 and 4
   b. 1, 2 and 4
   c. All are correct
   d. 1 only

4. The phrase ‘Unity in Diversity’ was coined by
   a. Subramaniya Bharathiyar
   b. Subramaniya Siva
   c. K.K.Pillai
   d. Jawaharlal Nehru

5. Which of the following statement is NOT correct?
   a. Paleolithic age people were hunt gatherers
   b. Mesolithic people have known the art of metal crafting
   c. Neolithic people practiced agriculture
   d. Neolithic people domesticated animals

6. Which one of the following cities was most extensive in area?
   a. Mohenjodaro
   b. Harappa
   c. Dholavira
   d. Kalibangan

7. Which of the following statement is correct?
Choose the correct answer by using the codes.

a. Upanishads are source of Hindu philosophy of Aryans.

b. **Upanishads throw light on material and spiritual life of the Aryans.**

c. Atharvana veda contains the famous Gayatri mantra.

d. During Rigvedic time the king was the absolute owner of the land.

a. a, b and c are correct  
b. a and b are correct  
c. c and d are correct  
d. a, b and d are correct

8. Identify the wrong one from the following statements with references to Alau-ud-din Khilji.

a. Ala-ud-din repulsed the Mongol invasions

b. **He successfully organized an expedition to the South under Malik Kafur**

c. He regulated the markets and controlled the prices of essential goods

d. He ran his administration according to the advice of the Ulema

9. Which one of the following was NOT a port during the sangam age?

a. Arikkamedu  
b. **Uraiyur**  
c. Korkai  
d. Musiri

10. Point out the wrong statement in the following statements:

I. The first Buddhist Council was held at Pataliputra under the Chairmanship of Mahakasapa.

II. The second Buddhist Council was convened at Vaisali around 383 B.C.

III. Third Buddhist Council was presided by Moggaliputta Tissa.

IV. The Fourth Buddhist Council was convened by Kanishka.

a. I only  
b. II only  
c. III only  
d. IV only

11. Which of the following statement is correct?

a. The first part of Kautilya’s Arthasastra tells about war and diplomacy

b. **Visakadatta’s Mudrarakshasa was written is the style of drama**

c. The Indika written by Megasthnes gives details about the Kalinga war

d. Asoka’s edicts provide information on the decline of the Mauryan empire

12. One of the following statements of Firuz Shah Tughlaq does not apply to him. Find it out.

a. Firuz Shah Tughlaq received investiture from the Kalifa twice

b. Je taxed the people according to Koranic principle

c. **He exempted the Brahmins from payment of Jezya**
d. He planned and executed many welfare measures for the people.

13. Find the correct answer. While mentioning about her role in Sepoy Mutiny, Russel said “She has excited all Oudh” Who is she?
   a. Begum Hazrat Mahal  
   b. Rani of Ramgrah  
   c. Rani Lakshmibai  
   d. Rani Taxebai

14. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists
   
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List I</th>
<th>List II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Swami Ram Tirath</td>
<td>1. Punjabi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Chittaranjan Das</td>
<td>2. The Commonweal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Lala Lajpat Rai</td>
<td>3. Forward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Annie Besant</td>
<td>4. Alif</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   a. 3 2 4 1
   b. 2 1 3 4
   c. 1 4 2 3
   d. 4 3 1 2

15. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List I</th>
<th>List II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Rice for Re-1</td>
<td>1. K.Kamaraj</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Noon meal</td>
<td>2. M. Karunanithi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Tamil Thai Vazhthu</td>
<td>3. J.Jayalalitha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Cradle Baby Scheme</td>
<td>4. C.N.Annadurai</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   a. 4 1 2 3
   b. 3 2 1 4
   c. 2 1 3 4
   d. 1 4 2 3

16. Where did the communist party of India take split?
   a. Vijayawada  
   b. Vishakapatnam  
   c. Gundoor  
   d. Prakasham
17. Which of the following was the important port in the Gupta period?
   a. Kalyan  
   b. Chaul  
   c. Broach  
   d. Cambay

18. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>List I</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Secular</td>
<td>1. Feeling of oneness</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Democratic</td>
<td>2. Economic Equality</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Socialistic</td>
<td>3. No state religion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. National integration</td>
<td>4. Rule of people</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   a. 1 2 3 4
   b. 3 4 2 1
   c. 2 3 4 1
   d. 4 1 3 2

19. Assertion (A): In the Chola period, the agrahara type of villages were numerically greater than any other type of villages.
   Reason (R): The practice of maintaining dancing girls by the temples known as devadasi system became very popular during the Chola period.
   Choose the correct answer using the codes given below:
   a. Both (A) and (R) are individually true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
   b. Both (A) and (R) are individually true and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
   c. (A) is true but (R) is false
   d. (A) is false but (R) is true

20. Consider the following statements about the Megalithic graves of sangam. Choose your answer using the codes given below:
   I. Graves were encircled by big pieces of stones.
   II. Axes were the only iron implements found in the graves.
   III. Along with skeletons, objects of daily use were found.
   IV. Hero stones were planted on the graves of all males.
   a. I and II only are correct  
   b. I, II and III are correct
21. Which of the following confederates fought against Tippu Sultan in the Third Mysore War?
   a. Travancore Raja, Nizam od Hyderabad and the English
   b. The English, Marathas and the Nawab of Carnatic
   c. The English, Marathas and the Nizam of Hyderabad.
   d. The English, Nawab of Carnatic and the Nizam of Hyderabad

22. Who of the following transferred his capital from Gulbarga to Bidar?
   a. Muhammad Shah I
   b. Muhammad Shah II
   c. Taj-ud-din Firoz Shah
   d. Ahmed Shah

23. Indian National Army was founded in _________
   a. Singapore
   b. Burma
   c. Japan
   d. Germany

24. Which is wrongly matched among the following?
   a. Deccan Rios – 1875
   b. Mopla Rebellion – 1922
   c. Santhals Revolt – 1890
   d. Revolt in Telungana – 1946-51

25. The first Muslim President of Indian National Congress was
   a. Syed Hasan Imam
   b. Rahimatullah Sayani
   c. Syed Badruddin Tyabji
   d. Nawab Syed Mohamed Bahadur

26. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists.

   List I        List II
   a. Bombay Congress Session 1. Vijaya Raghavachari
   b. Surat Congress Session 2. W.C. Banerjee
   c. Nagpur Congress Session 3. Jawaharlal Nehru
   d. Lahore Congress Session 4. Rash Behari Bose

   a  b  c  d
   a. 2  4  1  3
   b. 2  3  1  4
   c. 1  2  3  4
   d. 3  1  4  2

27. Consider the following statements and select your answer:
Assertion (A): Poona pact was signed between Gandhi and Ambedkar.
Reason (R): This was to secure an agreement between caste Hindus and untouchable leaders.

a. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
b. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not a correct explanation of (A)
c. (A) is true but (R) is false
d. (A) is false but (R) is true

28. General Dyer was killed by 
   a. Bhagat Singh  
   b. Raja Guru  
   c. Utham Singh  
   d. Vanchinathan

29. Consider the following:
Assertion (A): After the Independence in 1947, the most immediate and important task before the Indian leaders are two in numbers.
Reason (R): One is the removal of poverty, secondly progress of education among the masses.
Now select your answer according to the coding schedule given below:
   a. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
   b. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
   c. (A) is true but (R) is false
   d. (A) is false but (R) is true

30. Which period is called the era of Gandhiji?
   a. 1885-1905  
   b. 1905-1918  
   c. 1920-1947  
   d. 1935 – 1947

31. Consider the following:
Assertion (A): In the first half of the 19th Century revolutionary groups sprang up mainly in Bengal, Maharastra, Punjab and Madras.
Reason (R): The revolutionaries were not satisfied the methods of both the moderates and extremists.
Now select your answer according to the coding schedule given below:
   a. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
   b. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
   c. (A) is true but (R) is false
   d. (A) is false but (R) is true
32. Consider the following:

Assertion (A): In August 1942 the Indian National Congress adopted the Quit India Resolution.
Reason ®: The Cripps Mission proposals held promises for the future with no immediate concessions.

Now select your answer according to the coding schedule given below:

a. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is the correct explanation of (A)

b. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is not the correct explanation of (A)

c. (A) is true but (R) is false

d. (A) is false but ® is true

33. Arrange the following statements in chronological order:

I. The first round table conference was held in London.
II. The non Co-operation movement was abruptly called off by Gandhiji, following the Chaurin Chaura Incident.
III. The resignation of Congress Ministry was celebrated as Deliverance Day by Muslim League.
IV. The Cabinet Mission put forward a plan for solution of the Constitutional Problem.

a. I, II, IV, III  
b. II, I, III, IV  
c. III, I, II, IV  
d. IV, III, I, II

34. Consider the following statement:

I. As per Queen's Proclamation, Lord Canning announced the new Government at 'Jahanabadh' in 1858.
II. The Queen's Proclamation called the 'Magna Carta' of Indian people.

Which statement is/are correct?

a. I only  
b. II only  
c. Both I and II  
d. Neither I nor II

35. Match List I with List II correctly and select answer:

List I  
a. Indian National Congress  
b. Dadabhai Naoroji  
c. Madan Mohan Malaviya  
d. Surendranath Banerjee

List II  
1. Moderates  
2. Indian Burke  
3. Allan Octavian Hume  
4. Grand oldman

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36. Consider the following:

Assertion (A): The Revolt of 1857 ended on era and sowed the seeds of a new one.
Reason (R): Strengthen the British paramountcy.

Now select your answer according to the coding schedule given below:

a. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
b. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
c. (A) is true but (R) is false
d. (A) is false but (R) is true

37. Which one of the following is correctly matched?

I. Indian Association - Nethaji
II. Drain Theory - Dadhabai Naoroji
III. Servants of Indian Society - Mahatma Gandhi
IV. Abhinava Bharat - Feroze Shah Mehta

a. I b. II c. III d. IV

38. Choose the best answer:

During the Great revolt of 1857 the Governor General of India was

a. Lord Lytton b. Lord Ripon
c. Lord Canning d. Lord Wellesley

39. “The Hindus and the Muslims are two eyes of the beautiful bird hat was India”. Whose comment was it?

a. Jothi Bapule b. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan
c. Nawah Salimullah d. Muhamad Ali Jinna

40. Which one of the following pair is correctly matched?

Dynastics Rulers
a. Chera - Karikala
b. Chola - Simuka
41. Consider the following statements:

Assertion (A): The congress leaders in the early stage were called Moderates.
Reason (R): Moderates advocated a radical way to win their demand.

Now select your answer according to the coding schedule given below:

a. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
b. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
c. (A) is true but (R) is false
d. (A) is false but (R) is true

42. Match the following:

List I  
1. First Governor General of India  
2. Bismarck of India  
3. Swarajya Party  
4. Drafting Committee of Constituent Assembly

List II  
a. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel  
b. Dr.B.R.Ambedkar  
c. Lord Mountbatten  
d. Motilal Nehru

a. 2 4 1 3  
b. 1 2 3 4  
c. 4 3 2 1  
d. 3 2 1 4

43. After Jallian Wala Bagh Massacre Rabindranath Tagore renounced his title

a. Leadership  
b. Lordship  
c. Knighthood  
d. Kingship

44. Which one of the following is correctly matched?

I. W.C. Banerjee - Swadeshi Mithran  
II. G.Subramaniya - The Hindu  
III. Lala Lajpathi Roy - Kesari  
IV. Lakshmi Narasu Chetty - Samachar Darpan

a. I  
b. II  
c. III  
d. IV
45. Which among the following is correctly matched?
   a. Lion of Punjab - Lala Lajpat Rai
   b. Frontier Gandhi - Muslim League
   c. Sardar Vallabhai Patel - First Governor General
   d. Motilal Nehru - Bismarck of India

46. Arrange the following period in chronological order:
   I, Chauri Chaura Incident
   II. Non-Cooperation movement
   III. Quit Indian movement
   IV. Dandi March
   a. II, I, IV and III
   b. III, IV , I and II
   c. II, IV, I and III
   d. II, III, IV and I

47. Match the following A with B.

   A                      B
   a. Surat Split         1. 1927
   b. August Declaration  2. 1923
   c. The Swaraja Party   3. 1917
   d. Formation of Simon Commission 4. 1907

   a. b c d
   a. 1 4 2 3
   b. 4 3 2 1
   c. 3 1 2 4
   d. 2 4 1 3

48. The celebration of Ganapathi and Shivaji festivals was revived by
   a. Gokhale
   b. W.C. Banerjee
   c. Tilak
   d. Annie Besant

49. The most important factor leading to the rise of national movement was
   a. Imperialism
   b. Communism
   c. Socialism
   d. Mixed economy

50. Match List I with List II correctly and select your answer using the codes given below:
List I

a. Herald of New age in India
b. Martin Luther of Hinduism
c. New Indi
d. Photovoltaic Lighting System

List II

1. Swami Dyananda Saraswathy
2. Annie Besant
3. Ramakrishna Mission
4. Rajaram Mohan Roy

51. Which of the following statement is not correct?

a. Mohenjodaro means mound of the Dead
b. Indus valley people used burnt bricks
c. **Indus valley civilization was a rural one**
d. Sir John Marshall is related to Indus valley civilization

52. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer from the codes given below the list:

**List I**

a. Dutch
b. English
c. Portuguese
d. French

**List II**

1. Goa
2. Nagapattinam
3. Hugli
4. Pondicherry

53. Mohammad bin Tughlaq shifted his capital from Delhi Daulatabad for the following reasons.

I. It is equidistant from Delhi and it is easy to administrate.
II. Safe from Mongol Invasion.
III. It has a strategic value.
IV. He want to expand his empire to the South.

a. I, III and IV are correct  b. I, II and IV are correct

c. I, II, III and IV are correct  d. I, II and III are correct

54. Match the following Vijayanagar dynasties with their founders:

a. SSangama dynasty  
   1. Narasimha
b. Saluva dynasty  
   2. Harihara
c. Tuluva dynasty  
   3. Tirumala
d. Aravidu dynasty  
   4. Vir-Narasimha

   a    b    c    d
a.  2    4    3    1
b.  2    1    3    4
c.  2    1    4    3
d.  4    3    2    1

55. What was the demand of the Justice Party?

a. Dravidanad  
b. Bharatanad
c. Freedom of Nation  
d. Liberation of Dravidians

56. Whom among the following E.V. Ramasamy Naicker met to press for a separate Dravidand?

a. Sir Stafford Cripps  
b. Lord Wellington
c. Lord Linlithgow  
d. Lord Mountbatten

57. Consider the following statements:

Assertion(A): In 1944 E.V. Ramasamy formed the Dravida Kazhagam and demanded for a separate state called Dravida Nadu.

Reason(R): In his view it was against the preponderance of the Northern Aryans and for the enhancement of the prestige of the Dravidians.

Now select your answer according to the coding schedule given below:

a. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is the correct explanation of (A)
b. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is not the correct explanation of (A)
c. (A) is true but (R) is false
d. (A) is false but ® is true
58. Consider the following two statements one labeled as Assertion(A) and other as Reason ® and select the answer using the codes given below:

Assertion(A): The Vernacular Press Act of 1878, directed against Indian Native Newspapers was secretly conceived and passed at a single sitting of the Imperial Legislative Council.

Reason®: The Amritha Bazar Patrika which came out both in Bengali and English was converted into an English paper overnight.

Now select your answer according to the coding schedule given below:

a. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is the correct explanation of (A)
b. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is not the correct explanation of (A)
c. (A) is true but (R) is false
d. (A) is false but ® is true

59. Examine the following statements and choose your answer from the codes given below:

Which of the following statements is/are correct?

I. In 1887 the third session of Indian National Congress was held at Thousand Lights, Chennai.
II. In 1903, the 19th session of Indian National Congress was held at Madras.
III. In 1908 Nellai Patriotic Society was started by V.O.Chidambaram Pillai.
IV. The leader of the Simon Boycott Committee in Madras was K.Kamaraj

a. I, II, III are true
b. I and II are true
c. I, II and IV are true
d. III and IV are true

60. Which social reformer proclaimed "India for Indians"?

a. Rajaram Mohan Roy  
b. Dayananda Saraswathi  
c. Swami Vivekananda  
d. Ishwar Chandra Vidhyasagar

61. Consider the following two statements consisting of Assertion (A) and Reason ® and select your answer using the codes given below:


Reason(R): Though Congress –League Pact was an achievement, yet it was short lived.

Now select your answer according to the coding schedule given below:

a. Both (A) and ® are individually wrong
b. Both (A) and ® are individually true and ® is not the correct explanation of (A)
c. (A) is true but (R) is false
d. (A) is false but ® is true

62. Which of the following is/are incorrectly matched? Select your answer using the codes given below.
I. Purshottamdas Tandon - Congress President in 1950
II. Avadi session of the Congress - 1963
III. Kamaraj plan - 1955
IV. Kamaraj - Congress President in 1964
a. I and IV    b. I and II    c. II and IV    d. II and III

63. Identify the correct order of events from the following:
   a. Resignation of Congress Ministries, August Offer, Cripps Mission, Individual Civil Disobedience
   b. August Offer, Resignation of Congress Ministries, Individual Civil Disobedience, Cripps Mission
   c. Resignation of Congress Ministries, August Offer, Individual Civil Disobedience, Cripps Mission
   d. Resignation of Congress Ministries, Individual Civil Disobedience, Cripps Mission, August Offer

64. Observe the following statements as to the village administration during the Mughal rule.
I. It was in the hands of Shigdar.
   II. It was also a judicial agency for disposing off cases involving disputes among the villagers.
   a. Only I is true    b. Only II is true    c. Both I and II are true    d. Both I and II are false

65. Which of the following statement(s) about Kalabhras is/are TRUE?
I. Information about Kalabhras could be taken from Buddhist text, Tamil literary text and Velvikudi plates.
II. Historians regards the period as a ‘Long Historical Night’.
III. This period has been marked by the decline of Buddhism in Tamilagam.
IV. No Tamil literary works has been done during this period.
   a. I and II    b. II only    c. III and IV    d. III only

66. Which of the following statement(s) about Brihadiswara Temple at Thanjavur is/are True?
I. Brihadiswara temple at Tanjavur was not a symbol of State power.

II. Thanjavur was one of the most celebrated centres of the Bakthi Saints of the Saivites.

III. Thanjavur was captured by Muttaeaiyar by defeating Vijayalaya Chola.

IV. Muttaraiyar Chief has built a temple for Goddess Nisumbha Sudini in Thanjavur.

a. I, II and III  b. II, III and IV  c. II and IV  d. IV only

67. Match the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Urban Centres</th>
<th>Founders</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Muradabad</td>
<td>1. Muhammad Khan Bhangash</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Farukhabad</td>
<td>2. Ghazi-al-din Imad al Mulk</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Ghaziabad</td>
<td>3. Faizullah Khan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Rampur</td>
<td>4. Rustam Khan Deccani</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

a. 4  1  3  2  
b. 3  4  2  1  
c. 4  1  2  3  
d. 3  1  4  2

68. Which of the following is correct? In 1665, by the Treaty of Purandhar, Shivaji ceded the following no of forts to Mughal.

a. 23  b. 26  c. 28  d. 30

69. Consider the following statements. Select your answer from the codes given below:

I. Lal. Pal, Bal – were considered as the extremist Trio.

II. Indian National Anthem was written by Rabindranath Tagore.

III. The slogan ‘Inqlab Zindabad’ was raised by Bhagat Singh.

IV. Annie Besant was the first Indian Women to preside over Indian National Congress session in 1917.

Which one of the above statements is not correct?

a. I  b. II  c. III  d. IV

70. Consider the following statements:

Assertion(A): The special session of the Indian National Congress held at Calcutta in September 1920 defined the objective of the Congress as the attainment of Swaraj.

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Reason(R): The Act of 1919 did not offer Swaraj to the Indians.

Now select your answer according to the coding schedule given below:

a. Both (A) and ® are individually true and ® is the correct explanation of (A)
b. Both (A) and ® are individually true and ® is not the correct explanation of (A)
c. (A) is true but (R) is false
d. (A) is false but ® is true

71. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists:

<table>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Abhinav Bharat Society</td>
<td>1. Mirza Ghulam Ahmed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Indian Association</td>
<td>2. Bala Gangadar Tilak</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Shivaji movement</td>
<td>3. Surendra Nath Banerjee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Ahmadiya Movement</td>
<td>4. Ganesh Damodar Savarkar</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

    a  b  c  d
    3  4  2  1
    1  3  4  2
    4  3  2  1
    4  2  1  3

72. Which of the following statements about the Swadeshi Steam Navigation Company are correct?
   I. Two ships were purchased.
   II. Two mechanized boats were purchased.
   III. Bharathi opposed the names of the ships.
   IV. English opposed this native venture.

a. All statements are correct
b. Except statement I, others are wrong
c. Except statement IV, others are correct
d. Except statement II, others are wrong

73. Consider the following two statements consisting of Assertion(A) and Reason(R) and select your answer using the codes given below:

Assertion(A): After Nehru, Lal Bahadur Sastri became the next Prime Minister.
Reason(R): In his last days, Nehru had come increasing to rely in Sastri.

a. (A) is true and ® is false
b. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is related to (A)
74. What were the services introduced in India as a result of the Aitchison Commission?
   I. The imperial civil service
   II. The provincial civil service
   III. The special civil service
   IV. The subordinate civil service
   a. Only I, II and III  b. Only I, III and IV  
   c. Only I, II and IV  d. All I, II, III and IV

75. Observe the following statements relating to the Mauryan empire and administration.
   I. Chandragupta was the founder of Mauryan empire.
   II. Ashoka acted as viceroy of Avantika and Tazila provinces before becoming the emperor.
   a. only I is true  b. Only II is true  
   c. Both I and II are true  d. Both I and II are false

76. Consider the following statements regarding the laws of Mughal rule.
   I. The laws of God were contained only in Quaran.
   II. Islam never envisaged a society dominated by Non-Muslims, who were called ‘Jimmis’.
   a. Only I is true  b. Only II is true  
   c. Both I and II are true  d. Both I and II are false

77. Consider the following statements regarding to Kautilya.
   I. He was the founder of the new school of administration.
   II. His original name was Vishnugupta.
   a. Only I is true  b. Only II is true  
   c. Both I and II are true  d. Both I and II are false

78. Mauryan Judicial organizations and Legal procedure were based on the prescription of
   a. Buddhism  b. Hinduism  
   c. Artha Sastra  d. Persian Law

79. Consider the following statements:
   Assertion(A): Rabindranath Tagore surrendered his knighthood in 1919.
Reason(R): His act was against the Jallianwala Bagh massacre (1919) and imposition of martial law in Punjab.

Now select your answer according to the coding schedule given below:

a. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is the correct explanation of (A)
b. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is not the correct explanation of (A)
c. Only (A) is true
d. Only ® is true

80. Consider the following two statements consisting of Assertion(A) and Reason(R) and select your answer using the codes given below:

Assertion(A): Rise of militant movements in Indian National Movement revealed to the British Government, the extent to which the Indians were humiliated and dissatisfied.

Reason(R): Indian youth were involved in large numbers in militant movements and left their foot prints as Heros.

Now select your answer according to the coding schedule given below:

a. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is the correct explanation of (A)
b. Both (A) and ® are false
c. Both (A) and ® are true and ® is not the correct explanation of (A)
d. (A) is false but ® is true

81. Identify the leader who uttered the following statement:

“I am not anti-English, I am not anti-British, I am not anti-any government, but I am anti-untruth, anti-humbug and anti-injustice ……… So long as the government spells injustice, it may regard me as its enemy, implacable enemy ………”

a. Gopala Krishna Gokhale
b. Bala Gangadhar Tilak

**c. M.K. Gandhi**
d. Jawaharlal Nehru

82. Which national leader uttered the following statement?

“I am an Indian Tom Tom waking up all the sleepers so that they wake and work for their motherland.”

a. B.G. Thilak
b. Gopala Krishna Gokhale

**c. Annie Besant**
d. Jawaharlal Nehru
83. Who became the Chief Minister of Madras Presidency in 1923 after Justice party won the elections?
   a. Ramarayeningar  b. K.V.Reddy  
   c. T.N.Sivagnana Pillai  d. A.V.Patro

84. Who made the statement: ‘Worship of God through the services of the poor?’
   a. Mahatma Gandhi  b. Mother Therasa  
   c. Swami Vivekananda  d. Ramakrishna Pramahamsa

85. Match List I with List II and select your answer using the codes given below in the lists:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List I</th>
<th>List II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Lala Lajpat Tai</td>
<td>1. The Philosophy of the Bomb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Bhagat Singh</td>
<td>2. Chittagong Armoury Raid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Surya Sen</td>
<td>3. Assassination of Saunders</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Bhagwaticharan Vihra</td>
<td>4. Extremist Nationalist</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

86. Match List I with List II and select your answer using the codes given below in the lists:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List I</th>
<th>List II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Beek</td>
<td>1. Lahore Congress</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Archibold</td>
<td>2. Mohammedans Defence Association</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Rahmat Ali</td>
<td>3. Principal, Aligarh College</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Pakistan Resolution</td>
<td>4. Coining the world Pakistan</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

87. Which of the following statements about Mangal Pandey are correct?
I. He refused to use the greased cartridge
II. He was a Sepoy in the 19th native infantry stationed at Berhampur.
III. He belonged to the regiment of 34 N.I. at Barrackpore.
IV. He was not punished by the British.

a. I and II  
b. II and IV  
c. II and III  
d. I and III

88. Who was the Prime Minister when for the first time No-confidence motion was moved in the Indian Parliament?

a. Jawaharlal Nehru  
b. Indira Gandhi  
c. Morarji Desai  
d. Lal Bahadur Shastri

89. The Chief offensive Weapon of the Vedic period

a. Sword  
b. Axes  
c. Spear  
d. Bow and Arrow

90. Arrange the following in descending order.

1. Teshil  
2. Sub-division  
3. Village  
4. Pargana

a. 2, 1, 4, 3  
b. 3, 4, 2, 1  
c. 2, 1, 3, 4  
d. 1, 2, 4, 3

91. Which inscription referred to ‘Piyadassi’ as the second name for Asoka?

a. Gimar  
b. Bhabru  
c. Maski  
d. Rummindei

92. Consider the following about Vedic literatures:

I. The Brahmanas are the treatises relating to prayer and sacrificial ceremony.
II. The Upanishads are philosophical texts dealing with topics like the soul, the absolute, the origin of the world and the mysteries of nature.
III. The Aranyakas are called country books,
IV. The author of Ramayana was Vedavyas and that of Mahabharata was Vakmiki.

Choose the correct code:

a. I, II, III and IV  
b. II, III and IV only  
c. I and II only  
d. III and IV only

93. The important site of Harappa was excavated by

a. R.D.Banerjee  
b. Sir John Marshall  
c. Dayaram Sahini  
d. R.S.Sharma
94. The 3rd Tirthankar of Jainism was
   a. Rishabha  
   b. Parsvanath  
   c. Mahavira  
   d. Ajitanatha

95. Which one of the following pair is correctly matched?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dynasty</th>
<th>Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Khilji dynasty</td>
<td>- Ibrahim Lodi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Delhi sultanate</td>
<td>- Qutb-udin-Aibak</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Mughal empire</td>
<td>- Akbar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Tughluq dynasty</td>
<td>- Firozshah Tughluq</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

96. Match List I with List II and select your answer using the codes given below in the lists:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List I</th>
<th>List II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Kudi Arasu</td>
<td>1. 1971</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Revolt</td>
<td>2. 1934</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Pagutharivu</td>
<td>3. 1928</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Modern Rationalist</td>
<td>4. 1925</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   a. 3 1 2 4
   b. 4 3 2 1
   c. 2 1 4 3
   d. 1 3 2 4

97. Arrange the following Mauryan revenue officials in the ascending order with the help of the codes given below:

   1. Pradesika      
   2. Sdhanika       
   3. Samharta       
   4. Rajuka         

   a. 4, 1, 3, 2     
   b. 1, 3, 4, 2     
   c. 3, 1, 2, 4     
   d. 2, 4, 1, 3     

98. Which British commander captured the Poligar of Panchalankurichi Virapandya Kattabomman and hanged him?

   a. Lt. Maclean  
   b. Major Banermann  
   c. Col.Agnew  
   d. Col.Macaulay

99. Choose the correct answer:
The Indian National Army crossed the Indo Burma Frontier and planted the National Tricolour Flag on.

a. 19\textsuperscript{th} March 1944
b. 20\textsuperscript{th} April 1944
c. 7\textsuperscript{th} June 1945
d. 10\textsuperscript{th} July 1945

100. Which of the following is correct?

The unhappiness of the Indian Sepoys at Barrackpore, first surfaced in 1824 because,

I. The 47\textsuperscript{th} regiment at Barrackpore was ordered to go to Burma.
II. Caste distinctions and segregations within the regiment.
III. Recruitment of Brahmins were discouraged.
IV. Introduction of the Enfield Rifle.

a. I  

b. II  

c. II and III  

d. II and IV