History Model Test Questions 21 in English With Answers

1. ‘Swadeshi’ literally means __________
   a. Economic boycott    b. Burnt foreign clothes
   c. One's own country    d. Boycott foreign goods

2. The smallest unit of the Pallava administration is ______
   a. Nadu    b. Kottam
   c. Oor    d. Mandalam

3. The most outstanding military leader of Western Bihar in the Great Revolt of 1857 was
   a. Kunwar Singh    b. Govind Singh
   c. Ranjit Singh    d. Bahadur Shah II

4. Sati was abolished in
   a. 1828    b. 1829    c. 1835    d. 1838

5. The Guardian of Akbar was
   a. Bairam Khan    b. Chan Bibi
   c. Sher Shah    d. Rani Durgavati

6. Jina means __________
   a. Conqueror    b. Great hero
   c. Enlightened man    d. Priest

7. The temple constructed by Rajaraja Chola I is
   a. Thanjavur big temple    b. Madurai Meenakshi temple
   c. Sri Villiputhur Andal temple    d. Chidambaram Natarajar temple

8. The first Indian Governor – General of free India was __________
   a. Gandhiji    b. Nehru
   c. Jinnah    d. Rajaji

9. Mangal Pandey refused to use the greased cartridge and shot down his sergeant at
   a. Vellore    b. Barrackpore
   c. Cawnpore    d. Meerut

10. In 1025 A.D. Mahmud of Ghazni attacked the most celebrated Hindu temple at
    a. Khajuraho    b. Somnath
    c. Dilwara    d. Puri Jagannath
11. The Brahmo Samaj was established by
   a. Dayanand Saraswathi  b. Raja Ram Mohan Rai  
   c. Sir Syed Ahamad Khan  d. Dr. Annie Besant

12. The first war against the British rule was started in Tamil Nadu by
   a. Kattabomman          b. Pulithevar
   c. Chinna Marudhu       d. elunachiar

13. The book written by Keishnadevaraya was
   a. Amuktha Malyada      b. Kambaramayanam
   c. Sivagnana Bodham     d. Mahabharatham

14. The British Viceroy responsible for involving Indians in the Second World War was ________
   a. Sir Stafford Cripps  b. Pethick Lawrence
   c. Linlithgow          d. A.V. Alexander

15. The king who built the Kanchi Kailasanathar temple is ________
   a. Rajasimhan          b. Mahendran II
   c. Narasimha Varman    d. Nandi Varman III

16. Arrange the following periods in a chronological order:
   1. Neolithic period     2. Mesolithic period
   3. Chalcolithic period  4. Palacolithic period
   Of these:
   a. 2, 3, 1 & 4          b. 4, 2, 1 & 3
   c. 1, 3, 2 & 4          d. 3, 1, 4 & 2

17. Match List I with List II correctly and select your answer using the codes given below:

List I  List II
   a. Justice Party       1. E.V. Ramasamy Periyar
   b. Devadasi System     2. Dr. S. Dharmambal
   c. Vaikam Hero         3. Dr. Muthulakshmi Reddy
   d. Veera Tamilannai    4. Thiyagaraja Chetty

Codes:
   a  b  c  d
a. 4 3 1 2
b. 1 2 3 4
c. 2 3 4 1

18. Which one of the following is incorrectly matched?
   a. Bhonsle - Nagpur
   b. Holkar - Indore
   c. **Peshwa** - Delhi
   d. Scindia - Gwalior

19. Which one of the following is incorrectly matched?
   a. Swaraj Party - C.R. Das
   b. Forwards Bloc - Subhash Chandra Bose
   c. Muslim League - Nawab Salimullah Khan
   d. Justice Party - E.V.R. Periyar

20. Which one of the following is correctly matched?
   a. Delhi Durbar - S.N. Bannerjee
   b. **Abhinava Bharat** - Savarkar Brothers
   c. Indian Association - Dadabhai Naoroji
   d. Servant of India Society - W.C. Bannerjee

21. Which one of the following is incorrectly matched?
   a. New army regulations - Vellore Mutiny
   b. Sir John Cradock - Commander in-Chief
   c. Lord William Bentinck - Governor of Madras
   d. **4th Regiment rose in revolt against** - Colonel Forbes

22. In India, the first Agricultural Research Centre was started by
   a. Lord Lytton
   b. **Lord Curzon**
   c. Lord Canning
   d. Lord Ripon

23. Consider the following statements:
   **Assertion (A):** The partition of Bengal in 1905 provided a spark for the rise of extremism in the Indian National Movement.
   **Reason (R):** Curzon’s real motives were to divide the Hindus and Muslims in Bengal and to break the growth of Bengali nationalism.
Now select your answer according to the coding scheme given below.

a. Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
b. Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
c. (A) is true, but (R) is false
d. (A) is false, but (R) is true

24. Arrange the following in chronological order:
   I. Sama Veda  
   II. Rig Veda 
   III. Yajur Veda  
   IV. Atharva Veda
   a. I, III, II & IV  
   b. III, IV, I & II  
   c. IV, I, II & III  
   d. II, III , I & IV

25. Match the following with suitable options:

   List I           
   a. G.V. Mavalankar  
   b. Sukumar Sen   
   c. V.Narhari Rao  
   d. Sardar Vallabhai Patel

   List II   
   1. First CAG of India  
   2. First Deputy Prime Minister of India  
   3. First speaker of Lok Sabha  
   4. First Chief Election Commissioner of India

   Codes:
   a  b  c  d
   a. 3 1 4 2
   b. 1 2 3 4
   c. 3 4 1 2
   d. 4 3 2 1

26. The Widow Remarriage Act was during the Governor Generalship of
   a. Bentink  
   b. Dalhousie  
   c. Canning
   d. Lawrence

27. Which is correctly matched among the following?

   I. City of New Delhi - Designed by Gordan
   II. Udaipur Palace - Designed by Edwin Lutyens ans Sir Edward Baker
   III. Victoria Memorial Hall - J.Ransome
   IV. Birla Mandir - Lord Curzon
   a. I   b. II   c. III   d. IV
28. Which Chief Minister brought free education up to PUC level?
I. C.N. Anna Durai  II. Dr. J. Jayalalitha  
III. Dr. M. Karunanithi  IV. Rajaji  
a. I  b. II  c. III  d. IV  

29. Which of the following terms dictated by the English in the treaty of Lahore 1846 on the Sikhs is/are true?
I. Ceding of the Jullunder doab and payment of 1.5 crore as indemnity to the British.  
II. Reduction of Sikh army and European its ruler from employing and European without prior consent of the British. 
III. Appointment of a British resident Sir John Lawrence at Lahore.  
IV. Removal of Rani Jindan as regent.  
a. I, II and III  b. II, III and IV  c. I and II  d. All of the above 

30. When did Vasco da Gama arrive at Calicut?  
a. 1471 A.D.  b. 1491 A.D.  c. 1498 A.D.  d. 1500 A.D. 

31. Choose the correct answer from the codes given below:
Assertion (A): The imperial Cholas collected taxes called irai, deposited them in Pahtarani. Also called as Tevar pantaram, Sri bhandaram. 
Reason (R): Because, it was a place of safety.  
a. Assertion and Reason are correct  b. Assertion and Reason are wrong  
c. Assertion alone is correct  d. Reason alone is correct 

32. Which of the following was not a feature of Government of India Act of 1935?  
a. Provincial Autonomy  b. All India federation  
c. Dyarchy at the centre  d. Dyarchy at the provinces 

33. Who were the leaders with whom Lord Mount Batten held discussions of two nations apart from Jawaharlal Nehru?  
a. Sardar Patel and Mr. Menon  b. Mr. Jinnah and Sardar Patel  
c. Gandhiji and Mr. Jinnah  d. Mr. Motilal Nehru and Mr. Patel 

34. Match the List I with List II and choose the correct answer from the codes given below:  
List I  List II  
a. Rahnmal Mazda-yasnan Sabha  i. Gopala Krishna Gokhale  

Learning Leads To Ruling
b. Symbol of the Swadeshi movement 2. Dadabhai Naoroji
c. Diamond of India 3. Lala Lajpat Rai
d. Sher-e-Punjab 4. Charkha

Codes

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35. Which of the following periodicals is not correctly matched with its editor?
   a. Bande Mataram - Aurobindo Ghosh
   b. New India - Bipin Chandra Pal
   c. Yugantar - Bhupendranath Dutta
   d. **Sandhya** - **Barindra Ghosh**

36. Which social reformer developed a “feeling of oneness” by popularizing Hindi?
   a. Rajaram Mohan Roy
   b. **Swamy Dayanand Saraswathi**
   c. Shri Rama Krishna
   d. Madame Blavatsky

37. Who said “I am an Indian Tom”?
   a. Madame Gama
   b. Sister Nivedita
   c. **Annie Besant**
   d. Kadambini Ganguli

38. All India Congress sessions held at Karachi in 1931 under the leadership of
   a. Jawaharlal Nehru
   b. Mahatma Gandhi
   c. Rajaji
   d. **Vallabhbhai Patel**

39. Which one of the following was the recommendation of the cripps proposal?
   a. **Proposed for a Constituent Assembly**
   b. Introduction of Dyarchy at the centre
   c. Accepted the demand for Pakistan
   d. Indians were given control over defence

40. Who said, “Give me your blood, I will give you Independence”?
   a. Bal Gangadhar Tilak
   b. Lala Lajpat Rai
c. Bipin Chandra Pal  
**d. Subhash Chadra Bose**

41. Match the List I with List II

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List I</th>
<th>List II</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>b. Ambedkar</td>
<td>2. Thattavabodhini Patrika</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Devendranath Tagore</td>
<td>3. Al Hilal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Bal Gangadhar Tilak</td>
<td>4. Mooknayak</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Codes

- **a. 3 4 2 1**
- **b. 2 3 4 1**
- **c. 1 2 3 4**
- **d. 4 1 3 2**

42. When was the Tashkent Peace Conference held?
- a. January 1966  
- b. February 1966  
- c. March 1966  
- d. April 1966

43. Who was called as the father of Indian archaeology?
- a. John Marshall  
- b. S.R.Rao  
- c. R.S.Bisht  
- d. **Alexander Cunningham**

44. Consider the statements regarding Gupta's age and choose the correct answer:

1. The Allahanad Pillar inscription provides detailed account of Chandra Gupta II.
2. The Meharauli Iron Pillar inscription mentions conquests of Chandra Gupta I.
3. Samudra Gupta issued gold coin and silver coin with the legend restorer of the Aswamedha.
4. Chandra Gupta II called himself Vikramaditya.

- a. 2, 3 and 4  
- b. 1, 2 and 3  
- c. 1, 3 and 4  
- d. All are correct

45. Who was the author of Tarlkh-i-Mubarak –Shahi?
- a. Hasan-un-Nizami  
- b. **Fukhr-ud-din**  
- c. Amir Khusro  
- d. Amir Hassan

46. “If I were guilty of an unjust act, I would rise in judgement against myself.” Whose statement is this?

**Learning Leads To Ruling**
a. Babur 1. Buland-Darwaza
b. Humayun 2. Kabul Bagh
c. Akbar 3. Diwan-i-khas
d. Shahjehan 4. Din-panch

Codes

a. 2 4 1 3
b. 2 1 3 4
c. 4 3 2 1
d. 3 2 4 1

47. Arrange in chronological order:

1. The First Battle of Tarain.
2. Arab Conquest of Sind
3. Somnath expedition of Mahmud of Ghazni
4. Establishment of slave dynasty rule in Delhi

a. 2,3, 1, 4  
b. 1, 2, 3, 4  
c. 3, 2, 1, 4  
d. 4, 1, 3, 2

48. Which of the following statement is correct?

a. Coronation of Shivaji, 1674
b. Treaty of Purandar, 1664
c. Shivaji was born on 1637
d. Shivaji breathed his last, 1666

49. In 1948, the first Linguistic Provinces Commission was headed by

a. Sitaramiah  
b. Fazal Ali  
c. S.K.Dar  
d. M.P. Sivagnanam

50. Match the following:

<table>
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<tr>
<td>c. Balasubramanyan</td>
<td>3. Parantaka –I</td>
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<td>d. Kampahareswara</td>
<td>4. Vijayalaya</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
51. Match the following:

- August Odder  
- C.R. Formula  
- Wavell Plan  
- Interim Government

1. 1944  
2. 1945  
3. 1946  
4. 1940

Codes:

<table>
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52. Match the following:

- Nehru Report  
- Second Round Table Conference  
- Individual Satyagraha  
- Lord Attlee’s Announcement

1. 1940  
2. 1928  
3. 1946  
4. 1931

Codes:

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53. Consider the following:

Reason (R): V.O. Chidambaram Pillai is called Kappalottiya Tamilan.

a. Both (A) and (R) are true
b. Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
c. (A) is true, (R) is false
d. (A) is false, (R) is true

54. Point out the wrong statement/statements in the following:

1. V.O.C. was born at Ettayapuram.
4. E.V.R. started Self-Respect Movement

a. 1, 3 and 4  b. 2, 3 and 4  c. 1, 2 and 4  d. 1, 2 and 3

55. Match the following with suitable options

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List I (Age)</th>
<th>List II (Art style)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Kushanas</td>
<td>1. Dravidian style</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Guptas</td>
<td>2. Vesara style</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Chalukyas</td>
<td>3. Nagara style</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Cholas</td>
<td>4. Gandhara Art style</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Codes

a b c d

a. 4 3 2 1
b. 4 2 1 3
c. 3 2 1 4
d. 3 1 2 4

56. Which of the following is/are wrong?

I. Aligarh movement was led by Sir Syed Ahmed Khan
II. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan supported Shuddi movement
III. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan started Anglo oriental college.

a. II only  b. I and II  c. I and III  d. I, II and III
57. Which one of the following is correctly matched?
   a. Ettayapuram - Collector Ashe
   b. Jallian Walah Bagh Tragedy - Hunter Committee
   c. Swaraj Party - B.G.Tilak
   d. Prohibition - V.O.Chidambaranar

58. Match List I with List II correctly and select your answer using the codes given below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List I</th>
<th>List II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Tattvaboshini Sabha</td>
<td>1. Henry Vivan Pandit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Young Bengal Movement</td>
<td>2. Vishnu Sashtri Pandit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Widow Remarriage Society</td>
<td>3. Veerasalingam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Hitakarini Samajam</td>
<td>4. Devendranath Tagore</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Codes:
   a  b  c  d
   a. 4 1 2 3
   b. 4 3 2 1
   c. 3 4 1 2
   d. 2 1 4 3

59. Consider the following statements with reference to the nature of the Indian National awakening:
   1. It was basically started by intellectuals.
   2. It was a movement in which, all sections of society became united against the English.
   3. After 1920, national movement was led by Gandhiji.
   4. Gandhiji started the Khilafat movement.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
   a. 1 and 2               b. 1, 2 and 3               c. 1 and 3               d. 2, 3 and 4

60. Dr. Muthulakshmi Reddy started an orphanage known as
   a. Sarawathi Illam          b. Avvai Illam
   c. Anbu Illam               d. Lakshmi Illam

61. Match the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List I</th>
<th>List II</th>
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<tbody>
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</table>

Learning Leads To Ruling
a. Rajendra Chola 
   1. Brahma Giri  
b. Karavela  
   2. Allahabad  
c. Ashoka  
   3. Hathi Kumbha  
d. Samudra Gupta  
   4. Malpadi

Codes
   a  b  c  d
   a. 2  4  3  1
   b. 3  1  2  4
   c. 4  3  1  2
   d. 1  2  4  3

62. Match the List I with List II correctly and select your answer using the codes given below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List I</th>
<th>List II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Brahmo Samaj</td>
<td>1. Swami Vivekananda</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Arya Samaj</td>
<td>2. Madame Blavatsky</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Ramakrishna Mission</td>
<td>3. Rajaram Mohan Roy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Theosophical Society</td>
<td>4. Swami Dayanand Swarwathi</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Codes
   a  b  c  d
   a. 3  4  1  2
   b. 3  2  1  4
   c. 4  1  2  3
   d. 1  3  4  2

63. Arrange the following literary works in chronological order:

I. Mudra Rakshasa
II. Mathavilasa Prakasana
III. Milindapanho
IV. Arthasashtra

a. I, II, IV, II  
b. III, IV, I, II  
c. IV, I, III, II  
d. IV, III, I, II

64. Match the List I with List II and select the correct answer using the codes given below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List I</th>
<th>List II</th>
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History & Indian National Movement

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Learning Leads To Ruling

Page 13 of 21

b. Lahore Congress (1929) 2. Two Nation Theory
c. Karachi Congress (1931) 3. Dominion status
d. Ramgarh Congress (1940) 4. Complete Independence

Codes

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65. Which is wrongly matched?
   I. The Santhal’s Rebellion, 1855.
   II. Moplah Rebellion, 1921
   III. Vellore Mutiny, 1806
   IV. Barrackpore Sepoys Mutiny, 1804

a. I only       b. II only       c. III only       d. IV only

66. Arrange the following events in descending order:
   II. Conclusion of Kakori Case.
   III. Murder of S.P. Saunders
   IV. Punjab Government’s deportation order of Dr. Satyapal and Dr. Kitchlew


67. After the decline of Satavahanas, who emerged as important political power in South India?
   a. The Abhiras
   b. The Trikutas
   c. The Ikshavakus
   d. The Pallavas

68. Consider the following statements and select your answers.
   Assertion (A): Jainism had more influence than Buddhism on the life of the people in Tamil Nadu.
   Reason (R): Jainism had much more in common with Hinduism than Buddhism.

a. (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
b. (A) is true, but (R) is not true

c. (A) is not true, but (R) is true

d. (A) is true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)

69. Consider the following statements and select your answers:

Assertion (A): The Age of consent bill was a remarkable achievement Behramji Malabari.
Reason (R): The Bill created an indissoluble bond between social reform and national movement.

a. (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)

b. **(A) and (R) are true, and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)**

c. (A) is true, but (R) is not true

d. (A) is not true, but (R) is true

70. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List I</th>
<th>List II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>b. Sir John Shore</td>
<td>2. Hafiz Rehmat Khan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Dost Muhammad</td>
<td>3. Policy of Non-intervention</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Lord Macartnay</td>
<td>4. Lord Auckland</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

codes: 

a. 2 3 4 1

b. 1 2 3 4

c. 3 4 1 2

d. 4 1 2 3

71. Consider the following statements:

Assertion (A): Under British rule in Zamindari system, landlords charged heavy rents from tenants.
Reason (R): Under Zamindari system population grew, villages decayed and demand for lands also grew.

a. **Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is correct and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)**

b. Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
c. (A) is true, but (R) is false
d. (A) is false, but (R) is true

72. Find out the incorrect statements among the following with regard to Rajaji.
   1. Established Gandhi Ashram in Pudupayam.
   2. Started Salt Satyagraha in TamilNadu.
   3. Home Minister in the Interim Government.
   4. Industrial Minister in the Free India.
   a. 1 and 4  b. 2 and 3  c. 2 and 4  d. 3 and 4

73. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer:
   a. Lord Minto 1. Revolutionary
   b. K.R.Cama 2. Divide and Rule
   d. Common Wheel 4. Khilafat Movement
   Codes
   a. 2 1 4 3
   b. 4 3 1 2
   c. 3 4 2 1
   d. 3 2 1 4

74. Find out the wrong statement among the following:
   1. Bharathi acclaimed Gandhi and Mahatma even before Tagore in 1910.
   2. He burnt foreign cloths at Madras Coast in 1906.
   3. He was exiled to Pondicherry from 1908 to 1918.
   4. Sub-editor of Swadesamitran in 1904.
   a. 1 and 2  b. 2 and 4  c. 3 only  d. 1 and 4

75. Which of the following is correctly matched?
   a. Jatakas - Mauryan Geneology
   b. Puranas - Ashoka’s efforts to spread Buddhism to Srilanka.
   c. Dipavamsa - Socio-economic condition of the Mauryan period.
   d. Dhiga Nikaya – Influence of Buddhist ideas on Mauryan polity.
76. Arrange the annexation of states under the Doctrine of Lapse in chronological order and select the codes given below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>I. Jaipur</th>
<th>II. Udaipur</th>
<th>III. Jhansi</th>
<th>IV. Satara</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

77. Which code given below the correct matching of the following list of Mughals and places of their tombs?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List I</th>
<th>List II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Babur</td>
<td>1. Kabul</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Humayun</td>
<td>2. Delhi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Akbar</td>
<td>3. Sikandara</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Jahangir</td>
<td>4. Lahore</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>e. Shah Jahan</td>
<td>5. Agra</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Aurangzeb</td>
<td>6. Aurangabad</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Codes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>a</th>
<th>b</th>
<th>c</th>
<th>d</th>
<th>e</th>
<th>f</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. 1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>b. 1</strong></td>
<td><strong>2</strong></td>
<td><strong>3</strong></td>
<td><strong>4</strong></td>
<td><strong>5</strong></td>
<td><strong>6</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. 2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. 2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

78. Which is wrongly matched?

a. 1950 - India became Republic
b. 1946 - Interim Government formed
c. **1945** - Atlee’s Declaration
d. 1935 - Provincial Autonomy

79. Which of the following are correctly matched?

I. Padmasini Ammal - Khadi Movement
II. Anchalai Ammal - Neill Statue Satyagraha
III. Manjubhashini - Non-Co-operation Movement
IV. Radhabai Subbrayan – Second Round Table Conference

a. I, II, III and IV  
 b. I, II and III  
 c. I and II  
 d. I, II and IV
80. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List I</th>
<th>List II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Narasimha Varman I</td>
<td>1. Rock-cut cave at Mamallapuram</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Sembiyan Mahadevi</td>
<td>2. Agateshvara temple at Anangapur</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Lokamahadevi</td>
<td>3. Virupaksha temple at Pattadakal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Kulothunga I</td>
<td>4. Shiva temple at Chidambaram</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Codes
a  b  c  d
a. 2 3 4 1
b. 4 1 2 3
c. 3 4 1 2
d. 1 2 3 4

81. Find the odd one out about Dadabhai Naoroji
a. East India Association    b. Voice of India
  c. Grand old man of India   d. Kesari

82. Which of the following is wrongly matched?
I. Peshwa-The Prime Minister  II. Sar-i-Nubat-Senapati
III. Pandot Rao-Minsiter for religious affairs  IV. Nayayadish – Finance Minister
a. I  b. II  c. III  d. IV

83. Chandra Gupta II was the first Gupta King to issue silver coins which were modeled on the coins of ____________
   a. Indo-Greek Kings    b. King Vikrama Ujjain
   c. Saka Western Satrapas  d. Roman Coins of Augustus

84. Which of the following annual session of the Indian National Congress was not held in Madras?
   a. 1887 session  b. 1895 session
   c. 1898 session  d. 1920 session

85. Who is called as the father of local Government in India?
   a. Lord Lee  b. Lord Ripon
86. Consider the following statements:
M.K. Gandhi attended
I. the First Round Table Conference only
II. the Second Round Table Conference only
III. the First and Second Round Table Conferences
IV. all the three Round Table Conferences
Of these,
a. I alone is correct   b. II alone is correct
**c. III alone is correct**   d. IV alone is correct

87. Which of the following is not correct?

a. Subramania Bharathi - Panchali Sabatham
b. Mrs. Annie Besant - Wakeup India
c. E.V. Ramasamy - Republic
**d. Dr. G. U. Pope** - Desapakhan

88. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List I</th>
<th>List II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Vanchinathan</td>
<td>1. Swatantara party</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. V.O.C.</td>
<td>2. Vaikom Satyagraha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Rajaji</td>
<td>3. Swadeshi Shipping Company</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. E.V.R.</td>
<td>4. Collector Ashe</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Codes

a b c d
a. 3 1 2 4
**b. 4 3 1 2**
c. 1 3 4 2
d. 2 1 3 4

89. Arrange the following events in ascending order:
1. Individual Civil Dis-obedience Movement
2. Cripps Mission
3. Quit India Mission
4. Wavell Plan
   a. 1, 2, 3, 4   b. 2, 1, 3, 4   c. 4, 2, 3, 1   d. 4, 2, 3, 1
90. W.C. Banerjee belonged to which of the following place?
   a. Calcutta   b. Mumbai
   c. Delhi      d. Nagpur
91. The song “Bande Matharam”, was first sung in which congress session
92. Which is the following site belongs to Paleolithic rock shelters?
   a. Harappa   b. Belan
   c. Bhimbetka   d. Ranchi
93. Who won the title of “Gnana Samudra” in music during Mughal period?
   a. Tansen   b. Lalkhan
   c. Jaganath   d. Janardhan
94. Which one of the following is/are correct?
   I. Akbar’s tomb (Sikkandara) was completed by Shajahan.
   II. Agra Fort is situated on the banks of River Ganga.
   III. Moti Masjid was built by Akbar.
   IV. Bulandarwaza was built in Fatehpur Sikri.
   a. I only   b. III and IV   c. I, II, III   d. IV only
95. Which of the following statement is not correct?
   a. Mahendravarman was a Jain
   b. He was converted to Saivism
   c. He destroyed the Buddhist Vihara at Thiruppa puliyur
   d. He constructed a Siva temple at Thiruvadigai
96. Consider the following pairs:
   I. Swadeshi - Annie Besant
   II. Maratha - Boycott Movement
   III. Home Rule Movement - English Weekly
IV. Minto-Morley Act - 1909

Which of the pair given above is/are correct?

a. I, II and IV  

b. IV only  

c. II and IV  

d. III and II

97. Consider the following statements:

Assertion (A): Tilak did not accept the Lucknow pact.
Reason (R): Tilak was an extremist.

a. Both (A) and (R) are true

b. Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)

c. (A) is true (R) is false

d. (A) is false (R) is true

98. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the codes given below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List I</th>
<th>List II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Non-Cooperation Movement</td>
<td>1. Civil Servant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. W.C.Banerjee</td>
<td>2. Gandhiji</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Lord Dufferin</td>
<td>3. Viceroy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. H.O.Hume</td>
<td>4. Barrister</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>a</th>
<th>b</th>
<th>c</th>
<th>d</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

a. 2 4 3 1

b. 4 1 2 3

c. 1 3 4 2

d. 3 2 4 1

99. Match the following:

a. Khilafat Movement 1. 1927

b. Swaraj Party 2. 1920

c. Simon Commission 3. 1928

d. Nehru Report 4. 1923

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>a</th>
<th>b</th>
<th>c</th>
<th>d</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

a. 2 4 1 3

b. 3 2 4 1

c. 4 3 1 2

Learning Leads To Ruling
100. Kudavilai system was followed by
   a. The Cheras
   b. The Pandiyas
   c. The Cholas
   d. The Aryas