

History Model Test Questions 19 in English With Answers

- Who among the following rulers was called 'Kaviraja'?
 - Kumarahupta – I
 - Chandragupta – I
 - Chandragupta Vikramaditya
 - Samudragupta**
- The period of religious unrest in India was
 - 6th Century B.C**
 - 5th Century B.C.
 - 4th Century B.C.
 - 3rd Century B.C.
- Mahavira is otherwise called as
 - Siddhartha
 - Gautama
 - Vardhamana**
 - Rishabhadeva
- Arya Samaj was founded by
 - Raja Rammohan Roy
 - Dayanand Saraswati**
 - Blavatsky
 - A.S. Olcott
- Which one of the following Tamil magazines played a key role to create political awareness in Tamil Nadu at the time of British rule?
 - Vanampadi
 - Sudesamithiran**
 - Viduthalai
 - Dinamalar
- Who established the Swadeshi Steam Navigation Company at Tuticorin?
 - Bharathiyar
 - Subramania Siva
 - V.O. Chidambaranar**
 - Thilliyadi Valliammai
- Another name for Madurai in Sangam period is
 - Koodal**
 - Azhagar
 - Theni
 - Pandyanadu
- Who was the first Vice-President of India?
 - V.V.Giri
 - Sarvapalli Radhakrishnan**
 - Zail Singh
 - Sardar Patel
- Bharatha Sakthi Mahakavyam was written by
 - Bharathiar
 - S.D.S. Yogyiar
 - Suddhanandha Bharathiar**
 - Kavimani
- Gandhi was born on

- a. 2nd October, 1859
 - b. 2nd October, 1869
 - c. 2nd October, 1879
 - d. 2nd October, 1889
11. Dandi March is associated with
 - a. Khilafat movement
 - b. Swadeshi movement
 - c. Non-cooperation movement
 - d. Civil disobedience movement
 12. A freedom fighter who died after being injured in a Lathi charge in Lahore is
 - a. Gopal Krishna Gokhale
 - b. Tilak
 - c. Bharathiar
 - d. Lala Lajpat Rai
 13. Which one of the following is correctly matched?
 - a. M.K. Gandhi - Discovery of India
 - b. Jawaharlal Nehru - Kesari
 - c. Rabindranath Tagore – Gitanjali
 - d. Bal Gangadhar Tilak - Vande Mataram
 14. Who was considered as Tamil Bhagat Singh?
 - a. Vanchinathan
 - b. V.V.S. Iyer
 - c. Aurobindo Ghosh
 - d. None of them
 15. The arctic home for the Aryans was suggested by
 - a. Bal Gnagadhar Tilak
 - b. Nilakanta Shastri K.A.
 - c. S.N. Sen
 - d. Maz Muller
 16. Mahavira was born in
 - a. Vaisali
 - b. Kundagrama
 - c. Kapilavastu
 - d. Nepal
 17. In India the Khilafat movement was started by
 - a. Gandhiji
 - b. Nawab Salimullah
 - c. Ali Brothers
 - d. Jinnah
 18. The chola ruler who faced a defeat at the battle of Takkolam was
 - a. Aditya I
 - b. Raja Raja II
 - c. Vijayalaya
 - d. Parantaka I
 19. The Pallava king who defeated Pulakesin II was
 - a. Mahendravarman I
 - b. Simha Vishnu

- c. **Narasimhavarman I** d. Nandivarman II
20. The vedaranyam salt Sayatgraha was led by
a. Gandhiji b. **Rajaji**
c. V.O.C d. Kamaraj
21. Co-operative credit societies were introduced by
a. Lord Ripon b. **Lord Curzon**
c. Lord Lytton d. Lord Dalhousie
22. Gautama Buddha passed away in 483 B.C. at
a. Kasi b. **Kusinagar**
c. Saranath d. Sanchi
23. The Pandyan rule of the sangam age declined due to the invasion of
a. Satavahanas b. Cholas
c. **Kalabhras** d. Pallavas
24. The police officer responsible for Lala Lajpat Rai's death was shot down by
a. **Bhagat Singh** b. Balbit Singh
c. Sukdev d. C.R. Das
25. The person who was called as "The Light of Asia" is
a. Asoka b. Mahavira
c. **Buddha** d. Gandhiji
26. The period called as Gandhian Era is
a. 1909-1927 b. **1919-1947** c. 1919-1937 d. 1885-1915
27. Who was called as 'Kadara Vendaran'?
a. **Rajendran – I** b. Kulothunga Cholan
c. Ananbayan d. Vijayalayan
28. Who gave the country, the slogan of 'Jai Hind'?
a. Lala Lajpat Rai b. Aurobindo Ghosh
c. **Subhash Chandra Bose** d. Mahatma Gnadhi
29. The first Buddhist council was convened by
a. **Ajatasatru** b. Bimbisara
c. Asoka d. Dhanananda

30. Lord Ripon introduced the census system in India in the year of
a. 1882 b. 1883 c. **1881** d. 1880
31. The Palayam System (Poligari) was started by
a. Krishna Devaraya b. Ariyanathan
c. Pratapa Rudra d. **Viswanatha Naicker**
32. Pukalur inscription is
a. **about Chera period** b. about Chola period
c. about Pandiya period d. about Pallava period
33. who were the tamil kings who were called 'Perumaakkan Marr'?
a. Cheras b. **Cholas**
c. Pandiyas d. Pallavas
34. Devi Chandraguptam is the
a. **name of drama** b. name of a wife of Chandragupta
c. name of poet d. name of a temple
35. The Quit India Movement started in
a. June, 1942 b. **August, 1942**
c. September, 1942 d. October, 1942
36. Founders of Swaraj Party in 1923 were
I. B.G. Tilak II. S.C. Bose
III. C.R.Das III. Motilal Nehru
Of them:
a. I and III are correct b. I and IV are correct
c. **III and IV are correct** d. II and III are correct
37. Who told that the Indus valley language is the shape of ancient Tamil?
a. Caldwell b. Burrow
c. Sir John Marshall d. **Father Heeras**
38. The Indian National Congress was founded by
a. Dadabhai Naoroji b. Surendranath Banerjee
c. **A.O. Hume** d. W.C. Banerjee
39. The second session of Indian National Congress was held at

- a. Calcutta
b. Delhi
c. Bombay
d. Madras
40. Which is known as the Dark age in Tamil Nadu?
a. The Decadence of Sangam period
b. Pandiya period
c. Kalabras period
d. Advent of Europeans
41. Who was the last Governor General of English East India Company?
a. Lord Canning
b. William Bentinck
c. Robert Clive
d. Lord Ripon
42. Who is considered as the father of Indian Renaissance?
a. Raja Rammohan Roy
b. Rabindranath Tagore
c. B.M. Malabari
d. M.G. Rande
43. Chittannavasal is situated in
a. Madurai
b. Pudukkottai
c. Trichy
d. Thanjavur
44. The leader who described cripps proposal as a 'post-dated cheque of a crashing bank' was
a. Motilal Nehru
b. M.K. Gandhi
c. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
d. Subhash Chandra Bose
45. Narayana Guru belonged to
a. Tamil Nadu
b. Karnataka
c. Kerala
d. Andhra Pradesh
46. The 1919 Act brought Dyarchy
a. at provinces
b. at districts
c. at centre
d. none of these
47. Where were the ancient paintings discovered first in Tamil Nadu?
a. Keelavalai
b. Chittannavasal
c. Mallapadi
d. Panaimalai
48. Match List –I with List-II correctly and select your answer using the code given below:
- List I
List II

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| a. Justice party | 1. Periyar E.V.R |
| b. Dravida Kazhagam | 2. Singaravelu Chettiar |
| c. Dravida Munetra Kazhagam | 3. T.M.Nair |
| d. Communist Party | 4. C.N.Annadurai |

Codes

- | | | | | |
|----|---|---|---|---|
| | a | b | c | d |
| a. | 1 | 3 | 4 | 2 |
| b. | 4 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| c. | 3 | 1 | 4 | 2 |
| d. | 2 | 1 | 3 | 4 |

49. Tamil Sangam was supposed to be held at

- | | | | |
|------------|-----------|-------------------|----------|
| a. Uraiyur | b. Kanchi | c. Madurai | d. Vanji |
|------------|-----------|-------------------|----------|

50. Who was the Prime Minister of India when Tashkent agreement was signed?

- | | |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| a. Jawaharlal Nehru | b. Lal Bahadur Shastri |
| c. Indira Gandhi | d. Rajiv Gandhi |

51. Traditions affirm that a Buddhist council assembled at _____ in the year of Buddha's death.

- | | |
|-------------|---------------------|
| a. Vaisali | b. Pataliputra |
| c. Saranath | d. Rajagriha |

52. The leader who attended all the three Round table conference was

- | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| a. Mahatma Gandhi | b. Subhash Chandra Bose |
| c. Jawaharlal Nehru | d. Dr. B.R. Ambedkar |

53. The Madras Native Association was started in

- | | | | |
|----------------|---------|---------|---------|
| a. 1852 | b. 1884 | c. 1885 | d. 1887 |
|----------------|---------|---------|---------|

54. Consider the following statements:

- I. C.Rajagopalachari was the Chief Minister of Madras state
- II. C. Rajagopalachari was an Advocate
- III. C.Rajagopalachari belonged to justice party
- IV. C.Rajagopalachari was the only Indian who become Governor General of India.

Of these statements:

- | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| a. I alone is correct | b. I and II are correct |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|

- c. I, II and IV are correct d. All are correct
55. A Jain temple at Chittannavasal is _____ district.
- a. Tirunelveli b. Thanjavur
- c. Madurai d. Pudukottai
56. Who coined the party name Indian National Congress?
- a. Ranade b. Dadabhai Naoroji
- c. W.C.Banerjee d. Gopal Krishna Gokhale
57. Sir Muhammad Iqbal
- a. was poet and floated the idea of separate state for Muslim
- b. belonged to Madras Presidency
- c. established Muslim league party
- d. organized Aligar movement
58. The tomb at Sessaram was built by
- a. Humayun b. Sher Shah
- c. Akbar d. Babar
59. Ashoka patronized
- a. Jainism b. Saivism
- c. Buddhism d. Vaishnavism
60. The earliest evidence for the democratic election system in Tamil Nadu is available in the form of
- a. a copper scroll b. an inscription on stone
- c. a painting d. a literature
61. Which party formed ministry in Madras Presidency after the passing of Government of India Act of 1935?
- a. Swaraj party b. Justice party
- c. Congress party d. Communist party
62. The Fort William College at Kolkata was founded in the year
- a. 1806 b. 1810 c. 1805 d. 1800
63. The language which was used in the Ashoka inscription is
- a. Hindi b. Sanskrit c. Prakrit d. Telugu

64. Satyarth Prakash was written by

- a. Raja Rammohan Roy
- b. Debendranath Tagore
- c. Keshab Chandra Sen
- d. Dayanand Saraswathi**

65. Who among the following was not a member of the Justice party?

- a. Pitty Thyagaraya Chetty
- b. Raja of Panagal
- c. T.M. Nair
- d. Rajagopalachari**

66. Nadir Shah was a/an

- a. Afghah King
- b. Moghul Ruler
- c. Persian King**
- d. Delhi Sultan

67. Which Act separated Burma from India?

- a. India Act of 1935
- b. Independence Act of 1947**
- c. Minto-Morley Reform Act
- d. Montague-Chelmsford Act

68. Consider the following statements:

Assertion(A): The Marathas were defeated in the third battle of Panipat in 1761.

Reason(R): It checked the growth of Maratha power but did not destroy them.

Now select your answer according to the coding scheme given below:

- a. Both (A) and (R) are true , but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
- b. Both (A) and (R) are true , but (R) is the correct explanation of (A)**
- c. (A) is true, but (R) is false
- d. (A) is false, but (R) is true.

69. The Theosophical Society at Adyar dealt with

- I. Social Issues
- II. Communal issues
- III. Political issues
- IV. Religious issues

Of these:

- a. I alone is correct
- b. I and II are correct
- c. I, II and III are correct
- d. All are correct**

70. Annie Besant became the President of the Indian National Congress in the year

- a. 1915
- b. 1916
- c. 1917**
- d. 1918

71. Choose the statement(s) connected with Marudhu Brothers:

- I. Ruled Sivaganga area

II. Siruvayal and Kalayarkovil were their strongholds.

III. Took refuge in Panchalamkurichi

IV. They were executed by the British in 1809.

Of these statements:

a. I alone is correct

b. II alone is correct

c. I, II and IV are correct

d. I, III and IV are correct

72. Who was chiefly responsible for the partition of Bengal?

a. Wellesley

b. Ripon

c. Curzon

d. Chelmsford

73. Dantidurga established which kingdom?

a. Chalukyas of Badami

b. Chalukyas of Kalyani

c. Chalukyas of Vengi

d. Rashtrakuta Dynasty

74. Consider the following statements:

Assertion(A): Public participated in the political life during early, vedic period.

Reason(R): Sabha and Samiti discussed matters of public importance.

Now select your answer according to the coding scheme given below:

a. Both (A) and (R) are true , but (R) is the correct explanation of (A)

b. Both (A) and (R) are

c. (A) is true, but (R) is false

d. (A) is false, but (R) is true.

75. Badruddin Tyabji was associated with

a. President of the First session of the Congress party held at Bombay in 1885

b. President of the Second session of the Congress party held at Calcutta in 1886

c. President of the Third session of the Congress party held at Madras in 1887

d. None of these

76. Consider the following statements:

I. Akbar promulgated Din-i-Ilahi

II. Fin-i-Ilahi means divine duty

III. Prominent convert to Din-i-Ilahi was Raja Birbal

IV. Din-i-Ilahi discouraged Muslim rites.

Of the statements:

- a. I alone is correct
- b. I and II are correct
- c. I, III and IV are correct
- d. All are correct

77. Which one of the following is true?

- a. Devaradiyars were the group of girls who used to dance before the God during the festivals in the temple
- b. Devaradiyars were the attendants in a sabha
- c. Devaradiyars were the chief singers in a village
- d. Devaradiyars were the painters

78. Who was the architect of the first Indian Imperial power?

- a. Bindusara
- b. Chandragupta Maurya
- c. Ashoka
- d. Brihadratha

79. Match List I and List II correctly and select your answer using the codes given below:

List I

- a. Salt Satyagraha
- b. Protest against Devadasi system
- c. Nei Statue Satyagraha
- d. The Hindu

List II

- 1. Dr. Muthulakshmi Reddy
- 2. N. Somayajulu
- 3. Kasthuri Ranga Iyengar
- 4. Vedaranyam

Codes:

- | | a | b | c | d |
|----|---|---|---|---|
| a. | 4 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| b. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| c. | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 |
| d. | 3 | 2 | 4 | 1 |

80. Who laid the foundation of the British Empire?

- a. Robert Clive
- b. Lord Napier
- c. Lord Ripon
- d. Lord Cornwallis

81. Quitbuddin Aibak was a slave of

- a. Muizzuddin
- b. Muhammad of Ghur
- c. Mohammad of Ghazni
- d. Khawarism Shah

82. The Queen who took the lead in the South Indian Rebellion was _____
- a. Jakkamma
c. Muthayee Ammal
b. Vellai Natchiyar
d. Velu Natchiyar
83. Identify the correct order in which they occurred in India.
- a. Quit India movement, Non-co-operation movement, Khilafat movement, Civil disobedience movement
b. Civil disobedience movement, Khilafat movement, Quit India movement, Non-co-operation movement
c. Khilafat movement, Non-co-operation movement, Civil disobedience movement, Quit India movement
d. Non-co-operation movement, Quit India movement, Khilafat movement, Civil disobedience movement
84. V.O.Chidambaram Pillai founded the Swadeshi Steam Navigation Company to operate between Tuticorin and
- a. Mauritius
b. Singapore
c. Sri Lanka
d. Malaysia
85. The two major cities of Indus Valley Civilisation revealing uniform urban planning were
- a. Mohenjodaro and Channudaro
b. Mohenjodaro and Lothal
c. Mohenjodaro and Dholavira
d. Mohenjodaro and Harappa
86. Which Mughal emperor was defeated by Shershah?
- a. Babur
b. Humayun
c. Jahangir
d. Aurangzeb
87. Existence of a League of Tamil state referred in the
- a. Girnar inscription
b. Hathigumpha inscription of Kharavela
c. Jambai inscription
d. Sannathi inscription
88. The first Mughal Emperor to show interest in painting was
- a. Akbar
b. Humayun
c. Shah Jahan
d. Babur
89. In which year was the 'Dyarchy' introduced?
- a. 1919**
b. 1909
c. 1935
d. 1947
90. Who among the following Europeans were the first to come to India and leave India last?
- a. The Portuguese**
b. The French

c. The English d. The Dutch

91. Tirupur Kumaran died in the year

a. 1930 b. **1932** c. 1933 d. 1934

92. Kanchipuram Kailasanatha temple was built during the reign of _____

a. Mahendravarman b. Ranga Pataka
c. **Rajasimha** d. Narasimha

93. The scope of land reforms does not include

a. abolition of intermediaries b. consolidation of land holdings
c. cooperative farming d. **housing loans to farmers**

94. Captain Lakshmi, the only woman representative in the Independent Madras Province Ministry was

I. Daughter of Ammu Saminathan , a patriot
II. Captain of Jhansi Military Wing
III. Educated in England
IV. Leader of India.

Of these:

a. I alone b. **I and II** c. I and IV d. III and IV

95. Match list I and List II correctly and select your answer using the code given below:

List I

List II

a. Chera 1. Bull
b. Chola 2. Fish
c. Pandya 3. Bow and Arrow
d. Pallava 4. Tiger

Codes

a	b	c	d
a. 4	3	1	2
b. 3	4	2	1
c. 3	1	4	2
d. 2	1	4	3

96. Which one of the following is correctly matched?

- a. Parsvanath - Twenty fourth Tirthankara
- b. Mahavira - Last Tirthankara**
- c. Jatakas - Jain Literature
- d. Agama Sidhanta - Buddhist literature

97. Which of the following sates was assigned to the Indus civilization by Sir John Marchall?

- a. **3250 - 2750 B.C.**
- b. 3500 – 3000 B.C.
- c. 3000- 2550 B.C
- d. 3000-2000 B.C.

98. The Aryans had popular Assemblies, Sabhas and Samitis to check

- a. **on the power of the King**
- b. on the power of Purohita
- c. on the power of Army Chief
- d. on the power of Village head

99. Mahatma Gandhi suspended the Non-co-operation movement due to Chauri Chaura incident in the year_____

- a. 1920
- b. 1921
- c. 1922**
- d. 1923

100. Consider the following statements:

Assertion(A): Vira Pandya Kattabomman was captured and handed over to the British by Vijayaragunatha Tondaiman Raja of Pudukottai.

Reason(R): He was a friend of the British.

Now select your answer according to the coding scheme given below:

- a. **Both (A) and (R) are true , but (R) is the correct explanation of (A)**
- b. Both (A) and (R) are true , but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
- c. (A) is true, but (R) is false.
- d. (A) is false, but (R) is true.