1. Silent valley project has been abandoned due to
   (A) Indifference in the state government
   (B) Its non-feasibility from the economic point of view
   (C) danger of ecological imbalance
   (D) in accessibility of the area

2. Match list I correctly with list II and select your answer using the codes given below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List I</th>
<th>List II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) Nunmatti</td>
<td>1. Haryana</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Haldia</td>
<td>2. Assam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Karnal</td>
<td>3. Gujarat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Koyali</td>
<td>4. West Bengal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   Codes:
   (A) 1 3 2 4
   (B) 2 4 1 3
   (C) 3 2 4 1
   (D) 4 1 3 2

3. Identify the correct descending order of the states in terms of their total area
   (A) rajasthan, Maharashtra and Madhya Pradesh
   (B) Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra and Rajasthan
   (C) Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra and Rajasthan
   (D) Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh and Rajasthan

4. Which of the following sets of places has both ports and oil refineries?
   (A) Kolkata, Quilon, Chennai and Kandla
   (B) Vishakhapatnam, Cochin, Chennai and Mumbai
   (C) Marmagoa, Calicut, Vishakhapatnam and Haldia
   (D) Cochin, Haldia, Cuttack and Mumbai

5. Which one of the following is known as ‘little Japan’ of south India?
6. According to 1991 census, density of population is highest in the city of
   (A) Delhi       (B) Mumbai       (C) Chennai       (D) Kolkata

7. Which river in India has the largest run off?
   (A) Indus       (B) Cauvery       (C) Godavari       (D) Ganga

8. According to 1991 census the population of the country was
   (A) 84.63 crores (B) 85.40 crores (C) 90 crores       (D) 92 crores

9. Which of the following is exported in large quantity from India?
   (A) Zinc       (B) Copper       (C) Gypsum       (D) Manganese

10. Which of the following tributaries of Indus flows for its major course India?
    (A) Ravi       (B) Chenab       (C) Sutlej       (D) Jhelum

11. Which on is not correctly matched?
    (A) Bhadravati – Karnataka       (B) Rourkela – West Bengal
    (C) Bhilai – Madhya Pradesh       (D) Bokaro – Bihar

12. Jamshedpur steel plant is located at the confluence of the river Subarnarekha and
    (A) Damodhar       (B) Kosi       (C) Kharkal       (D) Sone

13. The maximum range of temperature can be observed at
    (A) Chennai       (B) Thiruvananthapuram       (C) Delhi       (D) Bangalore

14. Which of the following states is the largest producer of wheat in India?
    (A) Punjab       (B) Haryana       (C) Madhya Pradesh       (D) Uttar Pradesh

15. Forests are
    (A) Essentially depleting resources       (B) Naturally vanishing resources
    (C) Non-Renewable resources       (D) Renewable resources

16. Where are diesel locomotives manufactured?
    (A) Chittaranjan       (B) Varanasi       (C) Bhopal       (D) Jamshedpur

17. The state having largest number of Cotton Textile Mills is
    (A) Maharashtra       (B) Gujarat       (C) Tamil Nadu       (D) Karnataka

18. What is Raniganj famous for?
(A) Iron ore  (B) Coal  (C) Manganese  (D) Mica

19. Which state is called the ‘Sugar Bowl’ of India?
   (A) Uttar Pradesh  (B) Punjab  (C) Andhra Pradesh  (D) Bihar

20. Which state is the leading producer of wheat?
   (A) Madhya Pradesh  (B) Maharashtra  (C) Punjab  (D) Uttar Pradesh

21. Major causes of drought in India
   I. Rainfall is inadequate
   II. Rainfall is uneven
   III. Deforestation
   IV. Soil erosion
   Of these statements:
   (A) I and II are correct  (B) II and III are correct
   (C) III & IV are correct  (D) I and IV are correct

22. The ship building industry in India is in
   (A) Vishakhapatnam  (B) Cochin  (C) Haldia  (D) Mumbai

23. In Indian population Tamil Nadu’s position is
   (A) 6th  (B) 4th  (C) 10th  (D) 12th

24. The following state occupies a prominent place in silk industry
   (A) Karnatak  (B) Maharashtra  (C) Gujarat  (D) Rajasthan

25. Match list I correctly with list II and select your answer using the codes given below:
   List I
   (a) Mysore  (b) Ludhiana  (c) Jaipur  (d) Darjeeling
   List II
   1) Ivory works  2) Tea production  3) Silk weaving  4) Sewing machine
   Codes:
   a  b  c  d
   (A) 3  1  4  2
   (B) 3  4  1  2
   (C) 2  3  4  1
   (D) 4  3  2  1
26. The soil of great areal extent in India is
   (A) Alluvial          (B) Red          (C) Laterite          (D) Black

27. The location of Thumba rocket launching station is in
   (A) Kerala          (B) Tamil Nadu          (C) Karnataka          (D) Andhra Pradesh

28. The first census completed in India was in
   (A) 1862          (B) 1872          (C) **1882**          (D) 1892

29. The world’s highest peak, Mt. Everest is located in
   (A) India          (B) Nepal          (C) Bhutan          (D) China

30. The first commercial wind mill setup in India is in the state of
   (A) Punjab          (B) **Gujarat**          (C) Haryana          (D) Tamil Nadu

31. Match list I correctly with list II and select your answer using the codes given below:

   **List I**  
   (a) Firozabad  
   (b) Mumbai  
   (c) Kanpur  
   (d) Madukkarai

   **List II**  
   1) Cement  
   2) Chemicals  
   3) Glass bangles  
   4) Leather

   Codes:
   a b c d
   (A) **3** 2 4 1
   (B) 4 3 2 1
   (C) 3 4 1 2
   (D) 2 1 3 4

32. Which countries are separated by Mac Mahan line?
   (A) India and Pakistan          (B) **India and China**
   (C) India and Bangaladesh          (D) India and Myanmar

33. Period of south west monsoon in India is
   (A) January to April          (B) **June to September**
   (C) October to December          (D) None of these

34. The oldest mountain range in India is
35. Paris is situated on the bank of which river?
   (A) Seine  (B) St. Lawrence  (C) Rhine  (D) Thames

36. According to 2001 census the district with very low density of population in Tamil Nadu is
   (A) Nilgiris  (B) Salem  (C) Sivagangai  (D) Dharmapuri

37. The leading producer of Coffee in the world is
   (A) India  (B) Sri Lanka  (C) Brazil  (D) Thailand

38. Find the correct sequence of ports located from south to north along the western coast of India
   (A) Cochin, Mangalore, Mumbai, Kandla
   (B) Mangalore, Cochin, Mumbai, Kandla
   (C) Cochin, Kandla, Mumbai, Mangalore
   (D) Mangalore, Cochin, Kandla, Mumbai

39. Which one of the following states leads in Coffee production?
   (A) Karnataka  (B) Tamil Nadu  (C) Madhya Pradesh  (D) Andhra Pradesh

40. Which place is called as Queen of Mountains?
   (A) Ooty  (B) Kodaikanal  (C) Kalrayan hills  (D) Kolli hills

41. Which district in Tamil Nadu has low literacy rate?
   (A) Thanjavur  (B) Madurai  (C) Dharmapuri  (D) Cuddalore

42. How many states are there in India?
   (A) 20  (B) 22  (C) 25  (D) 29

43. Which is the most populous and literate district in Tamil Nadu?
   (A) Madurai  (B) Trichy  (C) Chennai  (D) Thanjavur

44. What is the length of Marina beach?
   (A) 10 km.  (B) 11 km.  (C) 12 km.  (D) 13 km.

45. What is the total length of sea – coast of Tamil Nadu?
   (A) 912 km.  (B) 900 km.  (C) 850 km.  (D) 800 km.

46. Gir forest is found in
   (A) Mysore  (B) Gujarat  (C) Kashmir  (D) Kerala
47. Horticultural crop are
   (A) Fruits, flowers  (B) Cereals, pulses  
   (C) Tea, coffee  (D) Groundnut, sunflower

48. One of the following is responsible for the red colour of the sea
   (A) blue – green algae  (B) green algae  (C) brown algae  (D) red algae

49. Salim Ali National Park is situated in
   (A) Jammu and Kashmir  (B) Delhi  (C) Nagaland  (D) Maharashtra

50. Which of the following influences soil erosion in India?
   (A) Slope of land  (B) Terracing  (C) Deforestation  (D) Irrigation

51. Which of the following areas should be conserved for their floral resources?
   (A) Rajasthan  (B) Madhya Pradesh  (C) Deccan  (D) Himachal Pradesh

52. Operation flood project aims at
   (A) Controlling the floods  (B) Dairy development
   (C) Better irrigation facilities  (D) None of these

53. Myanmar is the name of
   (A) A famous scientist  (B) A country
   (C) A famous book  (D) A famous actor

54. Where is India’s 13th Oil Refinery set up?
   (A) Panagudi  (B) Kalpakkam  (C) Trivandrum  (D) Srinagar

55. The river Damodar ends in
   (A) River Ganga  (B) River Hooghly  (C) Bay of Bengal  (D) Salt lake

56. Which of the following rivers divides the Deccan Table land from Northern India?
   (A) Chambal  (B) Krishna  (C) Narmada  (D) Godavari

57. Which time of the day is generally the hottest period over India?
   (A) Noon  (B) 1 p.m.  (C) 3 p.m.  (D) One cannot say

NOTE: 2 p.m.

58. How do dust – storms affect the temperature?
   (A) Increase it  (B) Decrease it  (C) No effect  (D) Cannot say
59. On which side of India lies the Arabian sea?
   (A) North east   (B) South east   (C) South west   (D) North west

60. Manganese occurs in
   (A) Gujarat   (B) Andhra Pradesh   (C) Both   (D) None

61. Gold occurs in
   (A) Tamil Nadu   (B) Orissa   (C) Both   (D) None

62. What is the coast line length of India?
   (A) 4378.5 kms.   (B) 4560.5 kms.   (C) 7516.5 kms.   (D) 7856.5 kms.

63. Lakshadweep is situated in the
   (A) Arabian sea   (B) Bay of Bengal   (C) Indian ocean   (D) None of these

64. What type is the west coast of Peninsular India?
   (A) Less broken and silted   (B) Rocky low sandy
   (C) Extremely broken   (D) Muddy and marshy

65. What is the cause of ‘October heat’?
   (A) Due to the absence of rainfall and wind
   (B) Due to high temperature and humidity
   (C) Due to dry wather conditions
   (D) None of these

66. Ankleshwar oilfield is in
   (A) Maharashtra   (B) Gujarat   (C) Bihar   (D) Assam

67. World’s largest dam is
   (A) Bhakra   (B) Hirakud   (C) Rana Pratap Sagar   (D) Mettur
   Note: Grand Coulee-Concrete Dam (U.S.A)

68. The first fertilizer plant was set up at
   (A) Nangal (Punjab)   (B) Alwaye (Kerala)
   (C) Trombay (Maharastra)   (D) Sindri (Bihar)

69. New coalfield developed at Madhya Pradesh is
   (A) Giridih mines   (B) Wardha mines
70. Which of the Indian states has the maximum number of common borders with other Indian states?
(A) West Bengal (B) Madhya Pradesh (C) Uttar Pradesh (D) Karnataka

71. The Longest shore line is along the state of
(A) Gujarat (B) Maharashtra (C) Orissa (D) Kerala

72. Canal irrigation is most important in North India because the
(A) Soil is porous (B) Level of underground water is high
(C) Perennial rivers (D) Region is densely populated

73. Pulses are grown all over the country except in areas of
(A) Unpredictable Minfall (B) Very high temperature
(C) Very high rainfall (D) Low rainfall

74. Diamond is found in India at
(A) Khetri (Rajasthan) (B) Panna (Madhya Pradesh)
(C) Golkonda (Andhra Pradesh) (D) Kolar (Karnataka)

75. Chilka lake is situated in
(A) Tamil Nadu (B) West Bengal (C) Andhra Pradesh (D) Orissa

76. World’s longest dam is located on
(A) Mahanadi (B) Sutlej (C) Cauvery (D) Ganga

77. Match the following:
(a) Kumaon himalayas  1. Between Indus & Sutlej
(b) Nepal Himalayas  2. Between kali & Teesta
(c) Punjab Himalayas  3. Between Teesta & Brahmaputra
(d) Assam Himalayas  4. Between Sutlej & Kali

Codes: 
\[ a \ b \ c \ d \]
(A) 1 2 3 4
(B) 2 3 1 4
(C) 4 2 3 1
78. At which place will you find maximum sunlight in December?
   (A) Kanyakumari  (B) Pune  (C) Kolkata  (D) Leh

79. Which of the following does not have influence over the climate in India?
   (A) Nearness to equator  (B) Presence of Indian ocean
   (C) Monsoons  (D) Ocean currents

80. Which of the following regions has the minimum seasonal variations in temperature?
   (A) The shillong plateau  (B) Tamil Nadu
   (C) The Kerala coast  (D) The entire Peninsula

81. In which region of India does monsoon type with cold humid winter and short summer prevail?
   (A) Kashmir  (B) South India, East of Western Ghats
   (C) North – East India  (D) Central Indian plateau

82. On the beaches of Kerala and Tamil Nadu we get ‘rare earths’ or
   (A) Lignite  (B) Iron  (C) Monazite  (D) Manganese

83. The expected growth rate of population in India in 1991 was
   (A) 1.55%  (B) 1.92%  (C) 2.11%  (D) 3.86%

84. The state which is often referred to as the “Detroit of India” is
   (A) Uttar Pradesh  (B) Delhi  (C) Karnataka  (D) Tamil Nadu

85. “Operation Flood” refers to
   (A) Giving relief to flood – hit areas
   (B) Increasing the supply of milk and milk products
   (C) Importing large quantities of goods
   (D) Huge army attacking the terrorists

86. Kundha project is in the state of
   (A) Andhra Pradesh  (B) Haryana  (C) Tamil Nadu  (D) West Bengal

87. The steel plant in Tamil Nadu is situated at
   (A) Tiruchi  (B) Salem  (C) Coimbatore  (D) Tuticorin

88. Where are electric locomotives manufactured?
(A) Chittaranjan   (B) Varanasi   (C) Bhopal   (D) Jamshedpur

89. The Largest irrigation canal in India is the
    (A) Yamuna canal (West)   (B) Sharda canal
    (C) Low ganga canal   (D) Upper ganga canal

90. In which type of climate are coniferous forests found?
    (A) Savanna   (B) Mediterranean   (C) Siberian   (D) Hot desert

91. CARDITE factory is situated at
    (A) Aravankadu   (B) Cholavaram   (C) Tuticorin   (D) Quilon

92. The bharatpur sanctuary in Rajasthan is famous for
    (A) Tigers   (B) Birds   (C) Elephants   (D) Asiatic loins

93. Sriharikota is in the state of
    (A) Karnataka   (B) Kerala   (C) Andhra Pradesh   (D) Tamil Nadu

94. The longest river in the world is
    (A) Cauvery   (B) Congo   (C) Nile   (D) Ganga

95. The biggest port of India which also has a natural harbor is
    (A) Coachi   (B) Kolkata-haldia   (C) Mumbai   (D) Vishakhapatnam

96. Which of the following statements is wrong?
    (A) Earth revolves round the sun   (B) Earth rotates itself
    (C) Moon moves round the earth   (D) Sun moves round the mars

97. Palk strait separates India from
    (A) Pakistan   (B) China   (C) Sri Lanka   (D) Nepal

98. The rainfall in India is mainly of
    (A) Orographic   (B) Convectional   (C) Cyclonic   (D) anticyclonic

99. The kundah Hydel power project is located at the district of
    (A) Nilgiris   (B) Dharmapuri   (C) Coimbatore   (D) Tirunelveli

100. Which of the following states has rich forests of sandal wood?
    (A) Kerala   (B) Tamil Nadu   (C) Karnataka   (D) Andhra Pradesh