12th Standard – Political Science - Volume II – Book Back Questions [New Book] 8. Planning And Development Politics I. Choose the Correct Answer 1. The chairman of the Planning Commission is a. The President **b.** The Prime Minister c. The Home Minister d. The Finance Minister 2. NITI Aayog was introduced under the Prime Ministership of b. Narasimha Rao a. Manmohan Singh c. Vajpayee d. Narendra Modi 3. Who among the following used the term 'Evergreen Revolution' for increasing agricultural production in India? b. M.S Swaminathan a. Norman Borlaug c. Subramanian d. R.K.V Rao 4. Who is the father of Green Revolution in the World? a. Norman Borlaug b. M.S Swaminathan d. R.K.V Rao c. Raj Krishna 5. Green Revolution refers to a. Use of green manure b. Grow more crops c. High Yield Variety Programme d. Green Vegetation 6. The Green Revolution in India was an introduction of high-yielding varieties (HYV) of seeds for a. Millet b. Pulse d. Oilseed c. Wheat 7. Consider the following. I. Continued expansion of farming areas; II. Double-cropping in existing farmland; III. Using seeds with improved genetics. Which of the above statement is not the one of the three basic elements in the method of the Green Revolution? a. Only I b. Only II c. I and III d. None of the above. 8. In which Five year plan was green revolution introduced? a. Fourth Five Year Plan b. Fifth Five Year Plan c. Sixth Five Year Plan d. Seventh Five Year Plan 9. Who started the White Revolution in India? a. Norman Borlaug b. Raj Krishna c. R.K.V Rao d.Verghese Kurien 10. Where is the AMUL dairy located? **b.** Anand in Gujrat a. Ajmer in Rajasthan c. Balrampur in Uttar Pradesh d. Udupi in Karnataka Learning Leads To Ruling

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- 11. Match the following:
- 1. Planning Commission a) Narendra Modi
- 2. NITI Aayog
- 3. Green Revolution
- 4. White Revolution
- c) Verghese Kurian

b) M.S.Swaminathan

- d) Jawaharlal Nehru
- 1) b a d c 2) d a b c 4) a d b c
- 3) c b a d
- 12. The following question consists of two statements, one labeled the Assertion (A) and the other labeled as the Reason (R).
- Assertion (A): Agriculture and Industrialization are equally important for a country's progress.
- Reason (R): Industries should be developed without compromising on agriculture.

Codes:

a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

- b) Both A and R are true but R is not a correct explanation of A
- c) A is true, but R is false
- d) A is false, but R is true

9. India and the World

I. Choose the correct answer

- 1. India is the founding member of _____.
 - a) UN

b) ASEAN

- d) OPEC c) OAC
- 2. Which of the following treaties was signed between India and Russia in 2010?
 - a) Treaty of Peace, Friendship and Cooperation
 - b) New Treaty of Friendship
 - c) Declaration of Strategic Partnership

d) Special and Privileged Strategic Partnership

- 3. 1962 war fought between .
 - a) India-China
 - b) India- Russia c) India – Srilanka d) India- Pakistan
- 4. What is the name of India-Japan join cooperation in Africa?
 - a) India-Africa Forum Summit b) Non-Alignment Movement
 - d) Asian-African Nations Conference c) Asia-Africa Growth Corridor

b) Tito

- 5. In Which city was the SAARC Charter signed?
 - a) New Delhi b) Colombo d) Dhaka c) Islamabad
- 6. Panchsheel Principle was agreed between _____.
- b) India- Pakistan a) India-China c) India- Srilanka d) All 7. Who initiated NAM?
- Learning Leads To Ruling

a) Nehru

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General Studies

c) Nasser	d) All
8. 123 agreement is between	
a) Indo-Russia	b) Indo-America
c) Indo-Pakistan	d) Indo-Africa
9. Match the following:	
1. SCO	a) 2015
2. SAARC	b) 2001
3. New Development Bank	c) 1985
4. Launch of Pravasi Bharatiya Divas	d) 2003
,) b d a c
,) a d b c
10. Consider the following:	
I. To promote the welfare of the people	es of South Asia and to improve their quality of life;
II. To promote and strengthen collectiv	e self-reliance among the countries of South Asia;
III. To strengthen cooperation among t	hemselves in international forums on matters of common interests.
Which of the above statements include	SAARC Charter and its main area of focus?
a. Only I is correct	b. Only II is correct
c. I and III are correct	d. I, II and III are correct.
1	0. India and It's Neighbours
I. Choose the correct answer:	
1. Act East policy was initiated by	
a) Narendra Modi	b) Indira Gandhi
c) Narasimha rao	d) Rajiv Gandhi
2. India Sent IPKF to	
a) Bangladesh	b) Maldives
c) Srilanka	d) Mynnmar
3. Who is the architect of Modern India	
a) M.N.Roy	b) B.R.Ambedkar
c) Jawaharlal Nehru	d) Raja Ram Mohan Roy
4. Kacchativu is in	
a) Srilanka	b) Burma
c) Bhutan	d) Maldives
5. Who was the King of Kashmir durin	g Indian Independence?
a) Gurmeet Singh	b) Amarindu Singh
c) Karan Singh	d) Hari Singh
6. India worked for Rehabilitation of _	country.
a) Afghanistan	b) Venezuela
c) Cuba	d) China
7. Simla Agreement signed by	
a) Indira Gandhi	b) Jawaharlal Nehru
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c) Lalbhahdur Shashtri	d) V.P Singh
8. Shimla Agreement was between	
a) India-Pakistan	b) India-America
c) India-Russia	d) None
9. 9/11 attack happened in	
a) USA	b) Pakistan
c) Spain	d) India
10. UN was established in the year	
a) 1945	b) 1946
c) 1919	d) 1944

11. Consider the following:

1) The focus of the "Look East Policy" was to increase economic integration with the South East Asian countries and the area was just confined to South East Asia only.

2) On the other hand the focus of the "Act East Policy" is economic and security integration and focussed area increased to South East Asia plus East Asia.

The codes

	b) 2 alone correct
	d) Neither 1 nor 2 is correct
-	a) 2014
-	b) 1988
	c) 2007
-	d) 2015
	2) b d a c
	4) a d b c
	-

13. The following question consists of two statements, one labeled the Assertion (A) and the other labeled as the Reason (R).

Assertion: India has been accused of being a big brother by its a South Asian neighbours. This has also been a lot of ups and down in India's relationship with most of its neighbours

Reason: Indis's South Asian neighbours have been suspicious about India's foreign policy of objectives since 1970's.

Codes:

- A) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- B) Both A and R are true but R is not a correct explanation of A
- C) A is true, but R is false

D) A is false, but R is true

11. International Organizations

I. Choose the correct answer

- 1. What was the first postal organization originally called?
 - (a) International Telegraph

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(b) International Telecomn(c) Universal Postal Union	
(d) International Telecomn	
	n for the Pacific Settlement of International Disputes established the
·	
(a) International Court of J	ustice (b) Permanent Court of Arbitration
(c) International Criminal C	Court (d) Permanent Court of International Justice
3. Who among the following indiv	viduals outlined the idea of the League of nations?
(a) Eleanor Roosevelt	(b) Woodrow Wilson
(c) Franklin D Roosevelt	(d) Theodore Roosevelt
4. The 1938 Munich Conference a	greed to the dismantling of
(a) Yugoslavia	(b) Czechoslovakia
(c) Austria	(d) Poland
5. Who coined the name United Na	ations?
(a) Eleanor Roosevelt	(b) Woodrow Wilson
(c) Franklin D Roosevelt	(d) Theodore Roosevelt
6. Veto powers in the United Natio	ons were given to which of the following five counties
(a) China, Britain, France,	USA, Japan
(b) China, France, Great	Britain, USA, Russia
(c) China, France, Britain,	USA, Germany
(d) China, France, Great B	ritain, USA, Soviet Union
7. Match the Following:	
1. General Assembly	a) Decolonization Process
2. Economic and Social Council	b) The Main Deliberative organ of the United Nations
3. International Criminal Court	c) China, France, Great Britain, USA, Soviet Union
4. The Security Council	d) UNESCO
1) b a d c	2) b d a c
3) c b a d	4) a d b c
8. Match the following:	
1. Kurt Waldheim	a) Portugal
2. Kofi-Annan	b) Ghana
3. Boutros Boutros-Ghali	c) Austria
4. Antonio Guteres	d) Egypt
1) a d b c	2) b d a c
3) c b d a	4) a d b c
9. Name two International Non-Ge	overnmental Organizations that work for the protection and promotion
of human rights	
(a) Human Rights Watch	(b) Amnesty International

(a) Human Rights Watch	(b) Amnesty International
(c) The World Bank	(d) Asian Development Bank

12. Environmental Concerns and Globalization

1. Where is the Secretariat of the World I	Heritage Convention situated?
(a) New Delhi	(b) Paris
(c) Berlin	(d) Washington
2. Where was the UN Conference on Hun	man Environment (1972) was held?
(a) Paris	(b) Athens
(c) Stockholm	(d) Moscow
3. Who among the following was the Cha	airman of WCED, 1987?
(a) Gro Harlem Brundtland	(b) Ban Ki Moon
(c) Shashi Tharoor	(d) Vandana Shiva
4. Which of the following is the manual f	for governments of the world on the rights of indigenous
communities?	
(a) UNGRIP	(b) UNDRIP
(c) UNTRIP	(d) UNCRIP
5. By which law the MRTP Act (1969) w	vas replaced?
(a) Cooperation Ac	(b) Competition Act
(c) Coordination Act	(d) None of the Above
6. The report themed "The Future We Wa	ant" deals with
(a) Rio+18	(b) Rio+19
(c) Rio+20	(d) Rio+21
7. The Montreal Protocol deals with	
(a) Ozone Layer	(b) Ocean Health
(c) Forests	(d) Desert
8. The UNEP stands for	
(a) United Nations Environmen	t Programme
(b) United Nations Ecology Progr	ramme
(c) United Nations Efficiency Pro	gramme
(d) United Nations Environmenta	l Programme
9. Which among the following SDGs see	ks to ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns
(a) Goal 11	(b) Goal 12
(c) Goal 13	(d) Goal 14
10. The Jarawa tribes are found at	<u>-</u> .
(a) Assam	(b) Lakshadweep
(c) Sri Lanka	(d) Andaman Islands
11. Which of the following conventions v	was regarded as the "Parliament of the World?
(a) UNCED (1992)	(b) UNCCD (1994)
(c) UNCSD (2012)	(d) CMS (1983)