

12th Political Science Book Back Questions - Old Book

1. DEVELOPMENT OF STATE**I. Fill in the blanks**

1. The modern State is a _____ State. **Nation**
2. The welfare State ideal took strong root in _____. **England**

2. THE ORIGIN OF THE STATE**I. Choose the correct answer**

1. Social contract theory found the support of
 - (a) Jenks
 - (b) Morgan
 - (c) **Rousseau**
 - (d) Sir Henry Maine
2. The theory which pictured the state of nature
 - (a) Divine theory
 - (b) Force theory
 - (c) Matriarchal
 - (d) **Social contact theory**

II. Fill in the blanks

3. Kings are _____ images of God upon Earth. **Breathing**
4. State is the _____ of the family. **Enlargement**
5. War _____ the King. **Begat**
6. Survival of the _____ is not justifiable today. **Fittest**
7. Kinship was the first _____ bond of unity. **Strongest**

III. True or False

8. The theory of Divine origin is a modern theory. **False**
9. Permanent marriage was the rule whether monogamy or polygamy in matriarchal theory. **False**
10. Evolutionary theory is merely scientific. **False**

IV. Match the following

11. Matriarchal – Agreement
12. Patriarchal – King
13. Divine – Mother
14. Social contract – Father

ANSWERS: 11-3, 12-4, 13-3, 14-1

3. NEW POLITICAL SCIENCE**I. Choose the correct answer**

1. Paying Income Tax signifies
 - (a) Traditional authority
 - (b) **Rational - legal authority**
 - (c) Charismatic authority
 - (d) None of these
2. Who first coined the term Political Science?
 - (a) Aristotle
 - (b) Plato
 - (c) **Jean Bodin**
 - (d) Adam Smith

II. Fill in the blanks

3. Political analysis of individual behaviour is _____ **Feature of New Political Science**
4. Types of authority is explained by _____ **Max Weber**

III. True or False

5. Normative political science is value - free. **False**

6. New Political Science is behavioural analysis **True**

4. CHALLENGES TO STATE SOVEREIGNTY

I. Choose the correct answer

- 'Coca-Cola' is a
 - Public Sector
 - Private Sector
 - Multinational Corporation**
 - Limited Company
- National Sovereignty has been challenged by
 - G-8 nations
 - European Union
 - International financial institutions**
 - G-77 nations
- Globalisation mainly signifies
 - Economic integration**
 - Political integration
 - Social integration
 - All the above

II. Fill in the blanks

- India is a _____ nation. **Sovereign**
- Samuel P. Huntington discussed about _____ conflicts. **Civilization**

III. True or False

- India is grouped under G-8 nations. **False**
- India is a member of European Union. **False**

5. FORMS OF GOVERNMENT

I. Choose and write the correct answer

- The term federation is derived from which word?
 - Latin**
 - French
 - Hindi
 - Sanskrit
- The Latin word camera means.
 - House
 - Building
 - Structure
 - Camera**

II. Fill in the blanks

- Lok Sabha is known as _____ House. **Lower**
- Rajya Sabha is known as _____ House. **Upper**

III. True or False

- There are two kinds of legislature. **True**
- Senate is the upper house of the Congress of U.S.A **True**

IV. Match the following

- Parliamentary - Switzerland
- Presidential - U.K
- Collegiate - U.S.A

ANSWERS: 1-2, 2-3, 3-1

6. THE JUDICIARY

I. Fill in the blanks

- Montesquieu a French writer in his book called _____ published in the year 1948. **The Spirit of Laws**

2. The _____ enjoys the power of judicial review. **Supreme Court**
3. The election of the judges by the legislature is seen in the country of _____ **Switzerland**
4. In ancient and middle ages, the _____ was under the control of the executive. **Judiciary**

II. True or False

5. Judicial review is an important contribution of U.K. **False**
6. There are three branches of government. **True**
7. Judiciary is one of pillars of democracy. **True**

7. INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS**I. Choose the correct answer:**

1. The constitution of India came into force on
 - (a) **26th January 1950**
 - (b) 15th August 1947
 - (c) 26th January 1947
 - (d) 15th August 1945
2. Forty Second Amendment Act came into force in the year
 - (a) 1947
 - (b) **1976**
 - (c) 1967
 - (d) 1950
3. Rajya Sabha consists of
 - (a) 220 members
 - (b) 230 members
 - (c) **250 members**
 - (d) 200 members
4. Lok Sabha consists of
 - (a) **552 members**
 - (b) 545 members
 - (c) 500 members
 - (d) 550 members

II. Fill in the blanks

5. The President of India is the _____ citizen of India. **First**
6. The President of India is the Head of the _____ **State**
7. The Prime Minister of India is the Head of the _____ **Government**
8. The Supreme Court of India consists of Chief Justice and _____ Judges. **25**
9. The Chief Justice of India and Judges of Supreme Court are appointed by the _____ **President**

III. Match the following

10. Lok Sabha - 25 years
11. Rajya Sabha - 30 years
12. Vice President - 35 years

ANSWERS: 1-1, 2-2, 3-3**8. ORGANISATION OF STATE GOVERNMENT IN TAMILNADU****I. Fill in the blanks**

1. State Government is dealt with in _____ part of the constitution of India. **VI**
2. The Governor is the _____ head of the state executive. **Nominal**
3. The Council of Ministers in the state is responsible to _____ **Legislative Assembly**
4. K.Kamaraj tendered his resignation of chief ministership in 1963 due to _____ **Kamaraj Plan**
5. The Upper House of State Legislature is _____ **Legislative Council**
6. The Judges of the High Court are appointed by _____ **President**
7. The tenure of Members of Legislative Council is _____ **Six Years**
8. The administrative head of a department in the secretariat is _____ **Secretary**

9. Five kinds of writs are Habeas Corpus, Mandamus, Certiorari, Prohibition and _____ **Quo-warranto**
10. District Administration is _____ administration. **Basic Unit**

II. Match the following

11. Article 370 – Governor
12. Article 153 – Chief Minister
13. Article 163 – Legislative Council
14. Article 169 – Jammu & Kashmir
15. Article 170 – Legislative Assembly
16. Article 352 – National Emergency

ANSWERS: 11-4, 12-1, 13-2, 14-3, 15-5, 16- 6

9. LOCAL SELF GOVERNMENT IN TAMILNADU

I. Fill in the blanks

1. 74th Amendment Act was enacted in the year _____. **1978**
2. Father of local self government is _____. **Lord Rippon**
3. Article _____ of the Indian Constitution talks about organisation of Panchayat Act. **Article 40**

10. INDIA IN THE 21ST CENTURY

I. Fill in the blanks

1. Indian Constitution came into force on _____ **26th January 1950**
2. India is a _____ society. **Plural**
3. The Integrated Rural Development programme was started in _____ **1978**
4. Indian economy is a _____ economy **Mixed**
5. _____ is called as the Father of Indian planning. **Visvesvaraya.**
6. The period of Tenth Five Year Plan is _____ **2002–2007**
7. 73rd Constitutional Amendment is related to _____ **Panchayat**
8. The Chairman of Administrative Reforms Commission was **Morarji Desai**
9. Mahatma Gandhi integrated socialism with _____ **Non Violence**

II. Match the following

10. 1938 - (a) New Industrial Policy
11. 1991 - (b) National Planning Committee
12. 1992 - (c) 14th Lok Sabha Elections
13. 2004 - (d) 74th Amendment

ANSWERS: 10-b, 11-a, 12-d, 13-c